LIFE BUSINESS IN FORCE OVER Rs.2,00,00,000
ASSETS OVER Rs.25,00,000
BRANCHES and Agency Offices at
AHMEDABAD, BARODA, SURAT POONA, BELGAUM, BANGALORE, MADRAS, COLOMBO KARACHI DELHI LUCKNOW, CALCUTTA, NAGPUR AND SECUNDERABAD
LIFE · MARINE ● FIRE
The UNION LIFE & GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD
PORT, BOMBAY

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXVI NO. 241 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1948 Price: 2 ANNAS

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Surajmal's for QUALITY DIAMONDS
359, KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY. Tel. 22236

Russia Offers To Reveal Armaments

WESTERN POWERS URGED TO BAN ATOM BOMB

Demand For Adoption Of Plan For One-Third Cut In Arms

VYSHINSKY STIPULATES CONDITIONS FOR PLACING CARDS ON TABLE: ADDRESS TO U. N. POLITICAL COMMITTEE

PARIS, Oct. 12 (Reuter): Russia tonight offered to put all her cards on the table by submitting details of her armaments to the United Nations if the Western Powers would accept her plan for a one-third arms cut and an atom bomb ban.

Fiery, White-haired Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister, Andrei Vyshinsky told the United Nations Political Committee: "You want the figures?—We can give you the figures".

VYSHINSKY'S OFFER

The exact words of his offer were: "If the General Assembly adopts the proposal for the prohibition of the atomic bomb and for the one-third reduction of conventional armaments then the Soviet Union simultaneously with all the other States will submit information on all armaments in its possession.

"We will give you all this information as soon as it will have a practical effect. If you will adopt the proposal to ban atomic weapons and to reduce armaments by one-third during one year, then we will put our cards on the table — every single one of them".

In a voice which at times rose with passion, M. Vyshinsky was taking up the challenge of America's Warren Austin, who had called for a plain denial that Russia thought war "inevitable" and co-operation impossible.

Warren Austin's Challenge

United States delegate, Warren Austin challenged the Russians to deny that they recognised war as an instrument to crush Communism, and plainly stated American distrust of the Soviet plan for one-third disarmament by the Big Five.

In the first official American reaction to the Soviet resolution, Mr. Warren Austin told the United Nations Political Committee that Russia's object in urging control under the Security Council, with "the veto as the trap door", was too obvious for serious consideration.

The Russian plan, put to the United Nations General Assembly on September 25, was also rejected by Col. W. R. Hodgson (Australia) who said even the Russians could not have expected it to be accepted.

GLORIFICATION OF WAR

Mr. Austin asked: "Does anyone think for a moment that members of the United Nations should disarm while the Soviet Union gives no evidence whatsoever that it is willing to participate in the world community to the extent required for the control of atomic energy and the regulation of armaments?"

He quoted statements by Russian spokesman and newspapers "making it clear that in the Soviet Union war is not only regarded as inevitable but it is actually glorified by its cultural leaders."

It was a misconception to believe

(Continued on Page 8)

NEHRU TO MEET MARSHALL

Crowded Programme In Paris

LONDON, Oct. 12, (Reuter): Premier Jawaharlal Nehru of India will meet United States Secretary of State George C. Marshall in Paris on Friday evening, shortly after his arrival in the French capital for a two-day visit during the United Nations General Assembly.

Pandit Nehru will dine in Paris that evening with his sister Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, India's Ambassador to Moscow and leader of her country's delegation to the United Nations.

On Saturday, Pandit Nehru will meet M. Vincent Auriol, President of the French Republic and M. Robert Schumann, Foreign Minister, before lunching with Mr. Warren Austin and Mr. Franklin D. Roosevelt.

He will have tea with the Indian delegation, and dine at the Chinese Embassy. On Sunday Pandit Nehru will meet M. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the United Nations, and have Mr John Foster Dulles named as probable Secretary of State in the event of a Republican victory in the United States elections as his luncheon guest.

Pandit Nehru will have tea with Foreign Ministers from Asian countries before returning to London on Sunday evening.

Pandit Nehru was tonight meeting the New Zealand Prime Minister Mr. Peter Fraser, at Mr. Fraser's Hotel. Pandit Nehru's breakfast guests tomorrow morning will be the Australian Foreign Minister Dr. Herbert Evatt, Mr. J. A. Beasley, Australian High Commissioner in London, and Indian High Commissioner, Mr. Krishna Menon. On Thursday Pandit Nehru will lunch with Earl and Countess Mountbatten.

He will dine with Sir Archibald Nye, British High Commissioner-designate in India.

NEW DELHI, Oct. 12 (API)—Mr Jagjiwan Ram, Labour Minister, will leave on a 9-day tour of Assam tomorrow to see the labour conditions in tea-gardens and coal-fields there. On his return journey he will attend a Harijan Conference at Bareilly on Oct. 21.

CARTOONIST LOOKS AT HYDERABAD DELEGATION TO U. N.

Delegates of Hyderabad sketched by Woop as they attended a United Nations meeting at the Palais de Chaillot in Paris. Left to right are Shyam Sunder, Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung and Zahir Ahmed.

Courtesy: "New York Herald Tribune"

FINAL DECISION ON BERLIN ISSUE

Security Council To Meet Within 48 Hours: Big Three Get Impatient

PARIS, OCT. 12, (REUTER): THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS EXPECTED TO MEET WITHIN 48 HOURS FOR A FINAL DECISION ON THE BERLIN COMPLAINT LAID BEFORE IT BY THE BIG THREE WESTERN POWERS SIX DAYS AGO.

BRITAIN, FRANCE AND THE UNITED STATES HAVE MADE IT CLEAR TO DR. JUAN BRAMUGLIA, ARGENTINE FOREIGN MINISTER AND ACTING PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL, THAT THEY ARE NOT INTERESTED IN ANY EFFORTS AT MEDIATION. THEY ARE BECOMING IMPATIENT AT THE DELAY IN DEALING WITH THE COMPLAINT, THEIR SPOKESMEN SAID TODAY. THEY WANT A CLEAR-CUT VERDICT THAT THE "SOVIET BLOCKADE" IS A THREAT TO PEACE.

Dr. Bramuglia was today consulting the five other "neutral" members of the Council on the form of a resolution to be put forward tomorrow or Thursday. If such a resolution meets with a Soviet veto the case will probably go to the General Assembly.

MARSHALL MEETS ADVISERS

Mr. George Marshall, United States Secretary of State, discussed the Berlin issue with his advisers immediately on his return to Paris today from Washington.

BERLIN'S FINANCIAL POSITION

In the German capital itself, a Military Government spokesman said today that the British authorities were "fully aware" of Berlin's financial position, described by City Treasurer, Friedrich Haas as "catastrophic."

Dr. Haas, who said there was only enough funds to work on a ten-day basis, was today drawing up an emergency budget aimed at a vigorous reduction in public expenditure.

Fourhundred German prisoners of war, mainly from the Middle East, are due to arrive here by train through the "blockade" next Saturday, it was officially announced today.

The prisoner of war train, the second for Berlin since railways were closed, will leave on Friday from Kirchgandern in the British zone, not far from Goettingen.

Soviet authorities have supplied the British with details of the train's schedule and route across the Soviet zone.

TROUBLE SPOTS IN FAR EAST

Commonwealth Premiers Discuss Bevin's Report

LONDON, Oct. 12 (Reuter): Discussion of the Commonwealth Prime Ministers in London today ranged over the trouble spots of the Far East which were the subject of an exhaustive report by the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin.

South-East Asia, including Malaya, and Japan, are believed to have figured in the discussion which was attended by the South-East Asia Commissioner-General, Mr. Malcolm Macdonald and the British Defence Ministers and service Chiefs.

COMMUNIST MENACE

The talks on the international situation will continue this afternoon but a switch to the vital issues of Berlin and Europe generally will await the arrival of the Canadian Deputy Premier who is coming from Canada to act for Prime Minister, Mackenzie King, who is ill, in London.

At some stage of the discussion Mr Malcolm Macdonald is expected to give the Commonwealth leaders an appreciation of the problem of South-East Asia and an assessment of the strength of Communist and other insurgents in the area.

Today's talk is to some extent a logical sequel and development from the Commonwealth conference held at Canberra, late last summer, to discuss among other things the prob'e pattern of the Japanese peace treaty.

Viscount Adison, former Dominions Secretary, who presided over that conference was present at this morning's meeting.

FAR EASTERN PEACE TREATY

The delay in concluding a Far Eastern peace treaty is known to be a matter of prime concern to Australia and New Zealand as well as India Pakistan and Ceylon.

The Commonwealth chiefs assembled at 11 a.m. (London Time) but one of their number, Premier Don Stephen Senanayake of Ceylon, had to leave for an audience with the King.

Tonight Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Premier of Pakistan will be the dinner guest of Prime Minister, Clement Attlee at ten Downing Street.

RECEPTION TO NEHRU

The Indian Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will attend a reception in his honour at Kingsway Hall, London, at which Indians from the London community are expected to be present in force.

Pandit Nehru lunched today with Sir Stafford Cripps, Chancellor of the Exchequer, at the Chancellor's official residence, Number 11 Downing Street.

Fresh Census In Hyderabad

COMMUNAL VOTES TO BE SCRAPPED IN ELECTIONS

HYDERABAD, (Dn.), Oct. 12, (API): The Military Governor of Hyderabad State may order a fresh census to be taken throughout Hyderabad preparatory to the holding of general elections in the State, it was reliably learned here today.

Mr. M. Seshadri the newly appointed Election Commissioner, for the State is understood to regard the 1941 census as outdated for the purposes of electing the proposed Constituent Assembly.

The present Hyderabad Legislative Assembly with its limited functions is barely two years old and was elected "on a peculiar system of functional representations and percentages of communal votes which will now have to be scrapped."

The new elections as has been repeatedly been made clear, will of course be based on full adult franchise.

The question of holding of a census, it is pointed out, will inevitably be linked with the process of restoration of law and order and deadline can at the moment be fixed for the completion of electoral rolls and the actual holding of elections."

According to official sources all that can be said at present is that arrangements will be pressed forward with the utmost expedition.

250 POLITICALS RELEASED

AURANGABAD, Oct. 12 (A.P.I.): About 250 political prisoners have been released from Aurangabad Central Jail during last two days.

Among those released were Messrs. Mukundrao, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Committee of the Hyderabad State Congress, Krishan Duley, Vice-President, Nizam State Railway Employees' Union, and T. S. Nagaraja Rao, Aurangabad representative of the Associated Press of India, who had been imprisoned by the Laik Ali administration.

CURFEW FOR DUSSERA

The Civil Administrator Aurangabad District, has prohibited processions and public meetings throughout the city limits today on the eve of Dussera as a precautionary measure. A 10 p.m. to 5 a.m. curfew also will be in force.

TRAINS FOR REFUGEES

SECUNDERABAD, Oct. 12 (A.P.I.): With a view to facilitate the return of evacuees, arrangements have been made to extend the running of the Secunderabad-Mahbubnagar shuttle upto Kurnool for two days with effect from Tuesday, October 12, says a Nizam's State Railway Press Note.

With effect from Ooctober 15, regular passenger trains will commence running between Secunderabad, Kurnool and Dronachallam as already notified.

Krishna Menon Ill

LONDON, Oct. 12, (Reuter): Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, Indian High Commissioner in Britain, was taken suddenly ill with influenza here today. He had to cancel all his engagements.

Pandit Nehru today called on Mr Menon.

ONLY WAY TO INDO-PAKISTAN AMITY

Sardar Urges Sister Dominion To Withdraw Troops From Kashmir

NEW DELHI, Oct. 12, (API): Indo-Pakistan friendship was difficult of achievement as long as Pakistan troops continued to fight in Kashmir, declared Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Acting Prime Minister, speaking at a reception given in his honour by the local Maharashtrian and Gujerati community to celebrate "Vijay Dashmi".

The function took place at the residence of Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power. Over 2,000 men and women participated in the celebrations.

Plea For Unity

Sardar Patel made an earnest plea for the subordination of all sectional, provincial and linguistic differences to the unity and glory of India. He was happy both the Gujerat and Maharashtrian communities decided to have a joint celebration. This was indeed a happy augury and he wished others also would emulate this example.

FOLLOW MAHATMA'S TEACHINGS

India today was free, free of foreign domination and free from internal trouble. Hyderabad was a problem and it was never the intention of the Government of India to take strong measures. But the Nizam and his advisers forced the Government of India's hands. The display of the might of India's armed forces settled the problem. But there were some in Britain who did not like this. Like the cat that devoured a hundred mice and embarked on a pilgrimage, they were sermonising India. If they really wanted peace, they should follow the teachings of Mahatma Gandhi.

TASK AHEAD

On the task ahead of the country, Sardar Patel emphasised the paramount need for unity and hard work in order to build up a strong and powerful India which would be respected by friends and feared by foes. For the next five years at least they should toil hard. No modern state could exist without a strong army. To have a strong army they should have industries. They required clothes, food, automobiles, tanks, planes and oil. Today to a very large extent they had to depend on imports and on others. This would not do. The country should produce all the equipment and weapons required. India became free only recently. Yet within this short space of time they had achieved a degree of unity which was never there in the past. They must now stabilise the unity achieved and build up the country. This was hardly the time to talk of nationalism, radicalism and indulge in industrial strife.

INDIA, SARDAR PATEL SAID, BORE NO ILLWILL TOWARDS ANYBODY. SHE HAD NO AGGRESSIVE INTENTIONS. HER APPROACH TOWARD OTHER NATIONS WAS ONE OF FRIENDLINESS.

INDO-PAKISTAN RELATIONS

REFERRING TO INDO-PAKISTAN RELATIONS, SARDAR PATEL SAID "PAKISTAN CONTINUOUSLY HARPS ON INDIA AS AN ENEMY. NOW HOW CAN THERE BE ANY GENUINE FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN THE TWO DOMINIONS? THERE MUST BE RECIPROCITY IN THESE MATTERS AND IF PAKISTAN IS IN EARNEST FOR OUR FRIENDSHIP, THEN SHE MUST CHANGE HER OUTLOOK. THEY INVADED INDIAN TERRITORY—KASHMIR—AND ARE ASSERTING THAT THEY CANNOT EXIST WITHOUT KASHMIR. IF THAT IS THEIR ATTITUDE THEY ARE WELCOME TO HOLD IT, BUT LET ME SAY, WE ARE NOT PREPARED TO MOVE EVEN AN INCH FROM KASHMIR."

Sardar Patel emphasised the need to eschew internal strife in the industrial sphere it should be the endeavour of everyone to produce more, to build up new industries and make India strong. In view of the conditions in the country today all should support the Government. There were many who said there should be an opposition. By all means let there be an opposition he said. He welcomed it. Opposition should not mean obstacles in the way of the Government functioning. There should be no capital-labour strife. Such strifes tended to bring about a functional disorder.

BOMBAY DOCK STRIKE

There was now a strike in the Bombay docks. This was most ill conceived. Essential foodstuffs like wheat and other materials would be

(Continued on Page 8)

DELHI SURPRISED AT DOCKERS' UNION ATTITUDE

Government May Extend Conciliation To Contractors' Labour If Strike Is Given Up

NEW DELHI, Oct. 12, (API): Official circles in New Delhi express considerable surprise at the reported attitude of the office-bearers of the Bombay Dock Workers' Union who, even after the setting up of the Boards of Conciliation by the Government of India, would not call off the strike unless these Boards covered all the labourers working in the docks.

SCOPE OF CONCILIATION

They feel that if the scope of the Conciliation Boards is the only obstacle to calling off the strike, it need not be considered insurmountable.

The Government of India, it is pointed out, may have no objection to extend Conciliation to Contractors' Labour in docks, provided the Union abandons the strike forthwith and co-operates with the Conciliation Boards.

In the meanwhile the situation is being watched with anxiety and the Government of India is keeping in close touch with its Regional Labour Commissioner in Bombay, Mr. Jadhav.

(SEE PAGE 8)

QUIT INDIA

To deal in or to use Foreign Goods, is a BREACH OF FAITH with the Sacred Memory of the FATHER OF THE NATION, who died, so that India may live in peace and prosperity. Remember friends:

"That in the absence of economic self-sufficiency, which can only be achieved by encouraging Indian Indigenous Industries, our political freedom would prove futile."

Issued by the Manufacturers of
J. J. DISTEMPER
MADE in INDIA, by INDIANS, for INDIANS.

THE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
(Established September 7th 1906)

1906-1948
FORTY-TWO YEARS OF SERVICE
Capital Paid Up Rs. 1,50,00,000
Reserve Fund Rs. 2,00,00,000
HEAD OFFICE: Oriental Buildings, Bombay.
LONDON OFFICE: 17 Moorgate E C. 2.
Chairman, Sir Cowasjee Jehangir, Bart., G.B.E., K.C.I.E.
STERLING AND DOLLAR CREDITS ARRANGED FOR APPROVED CUSTOMERS
Every Description Of Banking Business Undertaken.
SPECIAL ATTENTION TO REQUIREMENTS OF STUDENTS PROCEEDING OVERSEAS.
A. C. CLARKE, General Manager.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted a Hindu Lady Typist, shorthand knowing preferred. Apply giving particulars of age, experience to Box No. 9659 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted— By a reputed Pharmaceutical concern of Calcutta some really efficient representatives for the city and other important areas of Bombay presidency. None need apply who have no previous experience in the line. Apply stating references and terms to Box No 1818 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted for our Works at Mithapur (Kathiawar) Boiler: Attendants with Firstclass Attendant's Certificate issued by Bombay or Baroda Governments. Must have experience in large high pressure water tube boiler installations, coal fired with automatic stokers. Apply in person, with copies of testimonials and certificates to Tata Chemicals Ltd., Bombay House, Bruce St., Fort, Bombay. 1782

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad, apply (stating qualifications) for our "Terms" Hastings & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. 9641

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad apply for 'terms' (stating your qualifications and desires) to Roberts and Co., Employment Agents, Subathu (Simla Hills). (9656)

HOTELS IN HILL STATION

Deolali Grand Hotel Good Rooms Food and Management. Charges Moderate. Phone No. 12. Apply Manager. 9623

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Commercial Certificates, D. Com. November Examinations commence everywhere. Deposit entry. Become Member. Society of Commerce, Sohanganj, Delhi. (9638)

Learn Journalism, Story Writing, Masterly English, Accountancy, Shorthand, D. Com. Commercial Courses by Post. Associated Schools, Delhi. (9639A)

Homoeopathy—Best Correspondence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore. 107

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents and Stockists throughout India for our famous imported speciality tea and coffee pots. British made, beautifully finished in heavy chromium plate and earthenware lined. Liberal discount and commission terms for suitable applicants. Apply Box No. 1734 "Bombay Chronicle."

BUSINESS OFFERS

The Senior Partner of Messrs. Charles Eley, Sons & Company, P. O. Box No. 9032 Calcutta, will be in the United States of America from the 5th October 1948, in connection with purchasing Capital Goods, chemicals Ect., bonafide Parties may contact him through Company's Head Office or direct to Eley C/o. Bowco San Francisco. (1679)

Charles Eley, Sons & Company, offer immediate delivery from the Continent, Imported Portland Cement, guaranteed British Specification at Rs. 113/12/- per ton c.i.f. Calcutta/Bombay. Trade Enquiries Solicited. Apply P.O. Box No. 9032. Calcutta. 1538

For sale: "Viking" Brand, Toilet Paper, extra large roll, at Rs. -/6/- per unit. Apply Exclusive Agents Messrs. Charles Eley, Sons & Company, 14, Stephen Court, Park Street, Calcutta. 1539

For sale: Huge quantities of first class Bar Soap at Rs. 60/- per case, containing 60 Bars of 1½ lbs. each. Apply P.O Box 9032, Calcutta. 1539

We offer immediate deliveries from Denmark Guaranteed Sweetened Condensed Milk, 8 p.c. Butter fat, Zeneith Brand, packed in 48-14 oz. tins per case, at Rs. 50/- per case, free at Docks Gate. Apply P.O. Box No. 9032 Calcutta. (1539)

We offer delivery from Switzerland of Guaranteed "Confecta" Brand. Spray Processed Whole Milk, 28 p.c. fat contents, packed in 35.2 oz. tins, at Rs. 2/2/9, free at Docks Gate, Calcutta-Bombay. Apply P.O. Box No. 9081, Calcutta. (1539)

Original Record Syringes and All Glass Syringes "EVA" brand from Italy. Immediate shipment. Parties interested, kindly contact Post Box No. 38, Amritsar. (1710)

Charles Eley, Sons & Company of Calcutta, London, Zurich and San Francisco announce that their Export Division is now functioning and operates in Oilcakes, Mica, Furskins, Tobacco and other commodities. Bonafide enquiries invited to P.O. Box No. 9032 Calcutta. 1537

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS.

For Customs Clearing, Shipping, Forwarding, with storage facilities, please contact, Social Transport Co. 249, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay. (9658)

PUBLIC NOTICES

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, East Indian Railway, 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta upto noon on 29th October 1948.

Tender No. SP F/Genl 46 Sheet 12 Item 13 for supply of 180 Nos. of Couplers Electric 5 wire Intervehicle complete with 5 Junction Box for BG. conforming to IRS. Specification No. E6.37.

Tender forms with full particulars may be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 5 - per copy to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. Firms outside Calcutta, may, however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by money order.

No refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager (Works) room by the tenderer or his representatives. Tenderers' representative may be present at the time of opening of the tender in the room of Deputy General Manager (Works).

GENERAL MANAGER.

1826

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the Controller of Stores' Office, East Indian Railway, 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta upto noon on 2.11.48.

Tender number S LBW/48 769 for supply of Electric Pumping Sets 10,000 gallons of water per hour against 280' head complete with all accessories (2 Nos.)

Tender forms with full particulars may be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. Firms outside Calcutta, may, however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by money order.

No refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the Controller of Stores' Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Controller of Stores' room by the tenderer or his representatives. Tenderers' representative may be present at the time of opening of the tender in the room of Deputy Controller of Stores.

CONTROLLER OF STORES.

1825

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.

(In Voluntary Liquidation)

LOST SHARE CERTIFICATES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificates No. 78972, 78973 and 95710 in respect of 15 Ordinary shares Nos. 101283 to 101292 and 288580 to 288584 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd. (in Voluntary Liquidation) standing in the name of Ebrahim Ganny have been LOST, MISLAID, or DESTROYED.

Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their Registered Office Electric House, Bombay No. 1, within one month from the date hereof, otherwise duplicate share certificates will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Dated this 11th day of October, 1948.

EBRAHIM GANNY.

(1827)

SECRETARY, EAST PUNJAB PUBLIC SERVICE, COMMISSION, SIMLA.

(Advertisement No. 45)

INVITES APPLICATIONS from candidates domiciled in India or in States which have acceded to Indian Dominion—East Punjabis preferred on prescribed form (obtainable free) accompanied by treasury receipt or crossed postal order for Rs. 5 - not later than the 13th November, 1948 for six posts (temporary for hhe present) of ASSISTANT SURGEON in P.C.M.S. Class II (Men's Branch). Pay: Rs. 250-20-550 per mensem. Age not above 35 years on 31st October, 1948 relaxable in favour of Government servants and also to the extent of period of "war-service" in case of War-service candidates. Qualifications: M.B.B.S. (Punjab) or L.M.S. diploma of the Punjab State Medical Faculty or any other qualification recognised by the General Medical Council of United Kingdom or by the Medical Council of India. Candidates with post-graduate qualifications and experience in surgical work will be preferred. Women not eligible. Further particulars on application.

1826

PUBLIC NOTICES

FOR SALE

M. S. Scrap
C. I. & W. I. Scrap
Cast Steel Scrap
M. S. Angles.
Gas Cylinders.
Empty gunny bags.
Empty glass medicine bottles.

TENDER CLOSES on 21st October, 1948. Apply for tender form to General Manager, The TATA POWER CO LTD., Bombay House, Fort, Bombay.

1771

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of 2000 woollen Blankets, 3000 woollen secondhand shirts, 9000 ground sheets, 3x6 and 100 Tarpaulins on Saturday, 16th inst. at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at Subhas Nagar Estate, near Apollo Mills DeLisle Road, Bombay, under instructions from the party concerned.

Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT ANDHERI

M/S. GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from M/s B. Amin & Co. Attorneys for the Vendor, sell by Public Auction on Saturday, 23rd inst. at 4 p.m. (S.T.) the undermentioned immovable property on the premises.

All that piece of land with dwelling house at Andheri admeasuring orginally 957 sq. yds. but now 726 sq. yds. bearing Survey No. 41, B, 43, Hissa No. 2 & 3 bearing plot No. 27 (now Plot No. 19).

For further particulars apply to M/s B. Amin & Co., Solicitors, or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

CHEMICALS

CAUSTIC SODA
SODA ASH
BLEACHING POWDF
SODA BICARB
OXALIC ACID
FORMIC ACID
ZINC OXIDE
SODIUM SULPHIDE
BORAX CRYSTALS
STEARRIC ACID
SULPHUR
ANILINE OIL
ETC. ETC.

ALFRED E. McKENZIE & Co. LIMITED.

51 Churchgate St. Fort, Bombay — 26 Errabalu Chetti St. Madras

NO LICENCE NEEDED
American Model REVOLVER
PROTECT YOUR LIFE, PROPERTY & HONOUR FROM THE ONSLAUGHTS OF RUFFIANS AND WILD BEASTS.

WELSON TRADING CORPORATION P. B. 247, CAWNPORE (U. P.)

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

Without Calomel—And You'll Jump Out of Bed in the Morning Rarin' to Go

The liver should pour 2 pints of bile juice into your bowels every day. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food may not digest. It may just decay in the bowels. Then gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. You feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

It takes those good, old Carter's Little Liver Pills to get these 2 pints of bile flowing freely to make you feel "up and up." Get a package today. Take as directed. Effective in making the bile flow freely. Ask for CARTER'S Little Liver Pills.

TWO GIRLS CRUSHED TO DEATH

Train Runs Into Puja Party Visitors

CALCUTTA, Oct. 12 (API): Two girls were crushed to death under a railway engine and five other persons injured near the Beliaghata railway bridge in East Calcutta early this morning.

Another person of the same group is missing.

The party were crossing the bridge on their way back home after visits to various Puja Pandals today, the last day of Durga Puja, when a railway engine coming from the opposite direction ran into them. Some members of the party managed to jump into the canal underneath but two girls were knocked down and killed. One escaped by clinging to the girder.

The injured have been admitted to hospital.

De Gaulle Gathers Strength

PARIS, Oct. 12 (UPI): From quarters close to Gen. de Gaulle it is learnt that since the start of his campaign on Sept. 17, asking Frenchmen to send him an R.P.F. special stamp to express their confidence in him, he has received one million letters. Each has contained on an average three stamps.

According to R.P.F. calculations the General's campaign has received in this form 400m. francs (£463,000).

Several letters enclosing contributions have been received at Colombey-les-Deux-Eglises, the General's home, from the United States and Great Britain.

CZECH FIVE-YEAR PLAN

PRAGUE, Oct. 12 (UPI): The five year plan for Czechoslovakia will increase the national income by 48 per cent, agricultural production by 37 per cent, and industrial production by 57 per cent when it ends in 1953, according to a report on the plan presented by the Government to the National Assembly.

Employment in industry will rise from 1,362,000 to 1,616,000 employment in agriculture will be decreased slightly from 2,250,000 to 2,190,000. The plan calls for a 32 per cent increase in productivity of industry and 20 per cent in agriculture.

The plan concentrates the main effort on iron, steel, heavy machinery and building, the last being scheduled to raise its production by 130 per cent and productivity by 53 per cent.

POONA 'VARSITY FACES EIGHT LAKHS DEFICIT

POONA, Oct. 12, (API): The Poona University, which is expected to start functioning by the end of this year is likely to seek greater assistance from the Bombay Government and well-wishers of the University to meet its financial requirements in its first year of working.

A tentative budget prepared by the University and considered by the Advisory Committee to the University yesterday estimates a deficit of nearly Rs. 8,00,000 in its expected expenditure of about Rs. 14,00,000. This deficit will have to be covered either through Government assistance or through donations to the University.

The main item of expenditure appears to be hte salaries to be paid to the teaching staff which will consist of 26 University professors and readers, whose emoluments will have to be met fully by the University, and those contributed by the local colleges, whose salaries will have to be paid in part by the University.

HOLDING OF EXAMINATIONS

The Poona University, as announced earlier by the Vice-Chancellor Dr. M. R. Jayakar, expects to hold its first examination in March or April 1949 and details about the holding of the examinations are now being considered. The Vice-Chancellor of the University is expected by the beginning of the second term of he academic year in November to communicate the University's decision to the colleges coming under its jurisdiction.

GERMS CAN BE TELEVISED

LONDON, Oct. 12 (U.P.I.): Germs can be televised and the microscopic underworld put on the air.

The B.B.C. has co-operated with M. Jean Painleve, the director of the French Scientific Film Institute, in an experiment in direct transmission.

M. Painleve, a pioneer in the production of scientific films, transferred his techniques to the television camera and put on the air the teeming life in a drop of dirty water.

"This experiment, with its possibilities for school broadcasts, was carried out in connection with the International Scientific Film Congress, last week.

Delegates of 22 nations, including Poland and Yugo-Slavia, with an observer from the U.S.S.R. took part in the conference.

They considered a constitution which will enable a more extensive use to be made of the film in scientific research, in medicine and surgery and in university and school teaching and the establishment of an international film library, probably in Brussels.

The Congress, sponsored by UNESCO is drafting proposals which will secure the passage of scientific films, certified as such by the Ministries of Education of the various countries, through Customs duty free.

Wholesale Prices Index

NEW DELHI, Oct. 12 (A.P.I.): Wholesale prices in India, as measured by the Economic Adviser's index, registered a slight fall of 0.1 per cent during the week ended September 25, 1948: and the index, which stood at 383.2 (base: year ended August 1939-100) was 0.9 per cent more than that of a month ago and 26.3 per cent higher than that of a year ago. The average for September, 1948, worked out to 382.3 as compared with 382.9 (revised) for the previous month and 302.4 for September, 1947.

FRANCE GOING COMMUNIST?

Result Of Gallup Poll

PARIS, Oct. 12, (UPI): French public opinion is leaning increasingly towards Communist ideology, it was revealed here by a Gallup Poll organised by the French Institute of Public Opinion.

The Gallup Poll put two questions to the public:

1. Do you wish that Parliament should be dissolved, as demanded by Gen. De Gaulle?

2. If there were fresh general elections in France today, for which party would you vote?

The replies, in percentages, were:

A majority of 51 per cent in favour of dissolution, 27 per cent against while 22 per cent had not made up their minds either way.

The replies to the second question revealed that the Communists would definitely become the largest single party in parliament, winning 30.5 per cent of the seats, with the De Gaullists running a close second with 29.5 per cent.

NATIONALISATION OF LAND IN BURMA

Indian Residents Hit

RANGOON, Oct. 12, (Reuter): The Burmese Parliament today passed a Land Nationalisation Bill virtually empowering the Government to take over farm land from landlords for redistribution among farmers

A good part of such land is at present owned by Indians.

NEW CONSTITUTION FOR MYSORE

Chief Minister Says It Would Be Finalised Early Next Year

(From Our Correspondent)

BANGALORE (By Mail).

Mr. K. C. Reddy, the Chief Minister of Mysore addressing the Mysore Representative Assembly which commenced on Saturday last for its Dasara Session, hoped that the new Constitution for the State would be finalised by the Mysore Constituent Assembly early next year.

He, at the outset, referred to the baffling problems like mass exodus and communal fury the Indian Government had to face after partition. He paid warm tributes to Sardar Patel for the Statesmanship he showed in the integration of States and in the solution of the Hyderabad problem. He felt proud of the Mysore State troops for their share in Hyderabad action. He congratulated Sir A. R. Mudaliar, the Dewan of the State, for his valuable advocacy of the India's case before the Security Council. He made touching references to the deaths of Mr. M. A. Jinnah and Mr. K. F. Nariman.

Mr. Reddy thanked the Government of India for agreeing to meet half the subsidy incurred by the State on imported grains from October, and for alloting 10,000 tons more of food grains to the State.

The Chief Minister disclosed that another 120,000 kilowatts of electricity would be produced at Jog in its second stage of development.

He characterised of Mysore's decision to supply electricity to Madras and Bombay as a "gesture of friendly neighbourliness."

The Chief Minister announced that the Government had secured the services of Dr. C. R. Reddy, vice-Chancellor, Andhra University, for investigating and suggesting necessary lines for University development of education.

He disclosed that Hindi would be made compulsory in high schools and military training would be introduced in high schools and colleges.

Mr. Reddy hoped that the construction of a port at Bhatkal would be speeded up and stressed the need for looking towards other additional sources of income as the State had incurred a loss of Rs. two crores by introducing Prohibition.

MILLION SPANIARDS READY TO FIGHT REDS

Franco's Speech At Seville

MADRID, Oct. 12 (Reuter): Gen. Franco, Spanish Chief of State, was leaving Seville today for naval celebrations at Huelva after a speech in which he said he was "absolutely certain" Spaniards would resort to arms against Communism.

"I am absolutely certain that in Spain young and old men as well as women and children would resort to arms to fight the Communist", he declared.

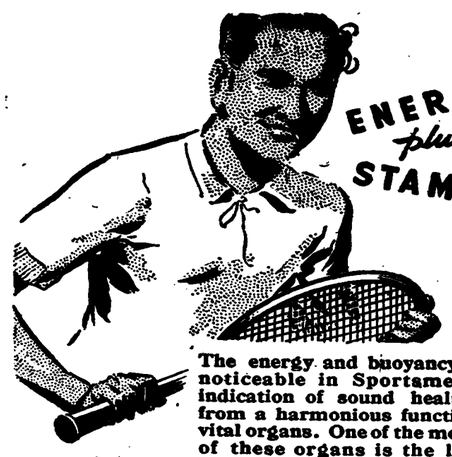
"Once, if the Communist hordes advanced beyond Berlin, one million Spaniards would oppose them.

These words were then unheeded by a world which was not conscious of a new enemy. Several years have had to go to turn our words into prophecy". General Franco was addressing army officers at Seville. At Huelva near the southern Portuguese frontier, he will preside over "Columbus day" celebrations for the seventh centenary of the Spanish navy.

Nagpur Doctorate For Sardar Patel

NAGPUR, October 12, (API): The Syndicate of the Nagpur University has decided to confer the honorary degree of Dcotor of Laws on India's Deputy Prime Minister, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, at a Special Convocation of the Nagpur University to be held here on October 31.

This decision of the Nagpur University is reported to have been conveyed to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel by the Governor of Central Provinces and Berar, Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa, who after a one-day visit to Delhi returned here last evening.



The energy and buoyancy of spirit so noticeable in Sportsmen is a sure indication of sound health, resulting from a harmonious functioning of the vital organs. One of the most important of these organs is the liver, acting through the bile it secretes to assist in the assimilation of food, thus enriching the blood and creating energy. If the liver is sluggish and does not function properly the ideal remedy, highly recommeded by the medical profession, is Stearns' Bi-Colates.

BI-COLATES
• STEARNS

THE BENGAL BELTING WORKS LTD
Mg. Agents S. K. ROY & CO. LTD.
2, Dalhousie Square East, Calcutta

Agents for Bombay Presidency, C.P. Sind Punjab, Rajputana, Baluchistan and Northern Part of U. P.
BENGAL BOMBAY AGENCY LIMITED.
11, Bank Street Fort, BOMBAY

For PERSISTENT COUGH, COLDS & INFLUENZA You need PEPS

Peps pleasant-tasting tablets act quickly and effectively because they send medicinal essences direct with your breath to the cause of the trouble. As you suck a Peps, its rich antiseptic, healing vapours stop your cough, soothe inflamed membranes, destroy the harmful germs, clear away congestion, and bring immediate ease to your chest and throat.

Diagram shows how the Peps medicinal essences bring comfort and relief direct to every part of the breathing system.

PEPS
ANTISEPTIC
THROAT & CHEST TABLETS

The handy and most effective remedy for coughs, colds, chills, sore throat, influenza, bronchitis and other chest and lung troubles.

Agents: Messers KEMP & CO., LTD.
P. O. Box 937. BOMBAY.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

PROTIMA PRODUCTIONS'
Popular drama of all seasons
JHARNA
BEGUM PARA, MAYA BANNERJI, GOPE, GULAB, DAVID
Drawing crowded Houses
at
LAMINGTON
Daily: 4, 6-45, 9-30. Sun., Hol. 1 p.m.
Plans open 10 to 11-30 and 3 to 6
(A VARMA FILMS Release)

SPECIAL HOLIDAY PROGRAMME
see PRITHVIRAJ in
GHADDAAR
(TRAITOR)
THURS. 14th & SUN. 17th
9-30 A.M.
PATHAN
FRI. 15th, 9-30 A.M
DEEWAR
SAT. 16th, 9-30 A.M.
Plans Open Book Now
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

HOLIDAY MATINEE
TOMORROW 1-15 P.M.
RAJKAMAL'S SOCIAL
BHOL
A story of simple folks.
Plans open 10 to 12, 4 to 6 p.m.
Daily: 4, 6-45, 9-30
Sun. Hol. 1-15 p.m.
DRAWING FULL HOUSES
NEW WEST END

A ROARING SUCCESS!
WADIA FILMS LTD.'S Musical
MELA
NARGIS, DILIP KUMAR, JEEVAN.
Director: SUNNY
Music: NAUSHAD
EXCELSIOR
2-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Plans open
& MINERVA
3-30, 6-30, and 9-30
Plans open 10 to 12
Matinee at 12-30 Tomorrow

(TOMORROW BEING IDD,
matinees at Both Cinemas)
LOVE AT FIRST SIGHT!
See IT IN .....
Producer-Director MEHBOOB'S
Song-Studded Social
Arokhi Ada
Music: NAUSHAD
Starring: NASEEM, SURENDRA & PREM ADIB
8th Combined week at 2 Theatres:
SUPER
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.
Sun. & Holidays at 12-30
(Adv. Bkgs — 9-30 to 11-30)
BROADWAY
(Daily: 4, 6-45 & 9-30 P.M.
Sat. Sun. & Holidays at 1 P.M.
(Adv. Bkgs — 4 to 6 P.M.)
(A JAYSINH RELEASE)

THE BRITISH HAD BANNED THE BOOK!
SARAT CHATTERJEE'S EXCITING NOVEL BASED ON FACTS!
A PARIOTIC SECRET SOCIETY AT WORK! SUSPENSE & MYSTERY!
SABYASACHI
AT YOUR FAVOURITE CINEMA VERY SOON!
ASSOCIATED PICTURES' Hindi Film
A WESTERN INDIA THEATRES LTD. Release

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

HINDU: Shravan Shud 11, 2004.
MUSLIM: Zilhej 9, 1367.
PARSI: Ardibeheshat 11, 1318.
SUNRISE, 6-32 a.m. SUNSET 18-17 p.m.
HIGHTIDE 09-34, 21-53. LOWTIDE 02-46, 16-00.
MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE. Meeting to-day at 3-40 p.m.

Today's Engagements

B.P.C.C.: Special meeting of the B.P.C.C. today at 6 p.m. at the Congress House. Immediately thereafter, an urgent meeting of the Committee will be held at the same place.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: Today at 6-15 p.m. at Petit Pasali Atashkadeh, New Marine Lines. Dasturji Framroze Bode on "Interpretation of the Zoroastrian concept of Manthra and Khoreh."

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Public study class on Renunciation of Action at 6-15 p.m. today at Jehangir Wadia Building, Flora Fountain.

UNITED YOUTHS' ASSN.: The Muslim Youths' Association's name has been changed into "The United Youths' Association" from 11th inst. and its membership is now open to all communities.

PURSE TO JAYAPRAKASH NARAYAN: Presentation of a purse to Mr Jai Prakash Narain by workers from Kurla at the public meeting at Kurla High School Maidan, Kurla at 6-30 p.m.

ALL-INDIA RAILWAYMEN'S FEDERATION: Working Committee meets in Parel today at 2-0 p.m. Mr. Jai Prakash Narain will preside.

F. S. U. FILM SHOW: Bombay Friends of the Soviet Union are screening the well known Soviet film RAINBOW (based on Wanda Wasilewska's 'Stalin Prize' novel) tomorrow (Thursday) 10 a.m. at the PLAZA TALKIES (Dadar, BB & CI). The film depicts the heroic and defiant struggle of an occupied village in the Ukraine during the war and its final liberation by the Red Army. There is also an attractive side programme showing a Soviet cartoon and a film on dance and music.

Tickets are available in advance at the FSU centres in Girgaum, Dadar and Matunga and at the theatre on the morning of show.

IDUL-AZHA PRAYERS

The mass Id congregational prayers, organised by the Anjumane-Tabligh-ul Islam will be offered at the Azad Maidan on Thursday, the 14th instant at 8-30 a.m. (I.S.T.)

The prayers will be led by Maulana Hafiz Qari Ghulam Hussein.

Loudspeakers will be installed and arrangements made for water for ablution.

After the prayer and the Khutba (sermon) special prayer will be offered for peace among the nations of the world.

Egyptian Consul's Id Greetings

On the occasion of the "Bakr-Id" the Consul for Egypt in Bombay presents greetings to all Muslims throughout India. The Consulate-General will remain open to visitors on the Id day, (14th Oct.) from 10 a.m. to 12 noon. The offices of the Consulate-General will remain closed from Wednesday (13th) to Saturday (16th).

The Famous Astrologer

Recipient of many Gold Medals and Certificates from Maharajas, Judges, and notables. Annual life reading, monthly, details Rs. 5, 3 questions Rs. 2 (Horoscope or writing time required) Pandit Kaliyur M. SRINIVASACHARIAR THAPONIDHI, Thyagarayanagar, Madras-17.

HOLIDAY MATINEE
TOMORROW 12-45 P.M.
A.R. KARDAR'S
DARD
Music: NAUSHAD
Daily 3-30, 6-30 9-30 P.M.
FOLLOW THE CROWDS
NOVELTY

PANDIT OMKARNATH GOLDEN JUBILEE

Sangeet Martand Pandit Omkarnath Thakur is well known all over India as a top-rank vocalist. He has passed half a century. His friends and admirers have decided to honour his achievement by celebrating his Golden Jubilee.

A Committee of the following citizens has been formed for the purpose. Chairman:— Sjt. Champaklal G. Modi. Vice Chairman: Sjt. J.

PANDIT OMKARNATH THAKUR

M. Kamdar. Jt. Hon. Secretaries:— Sjt. Valji Dhanji and Sjt. Bhanushanker Trivedi. Jt. Hon. Treasurers: Sjt. Jamnadas Damodar and Sjt. Khushalbhai Khengarbhai and Members:— Sjt. Damodardas Khanna, Sjt. Dwarkadas Jamnadas, Sjt. Ratansi Mulji, Sjt. Sushilkumar Rula and Sjt. Dhanubhai Sanjanwalla.

The Jubilee celebrations will be held on Sunday the 17th inst. at 4 p.m. in the Convocation Hall of the University when the Rt. Hon. M. R. Jayakar, Vice-Chancellor of the Poona University will preside. On this occasion admirers of Panditji's art will pay him their tributes by presenting an address and his friends and admirers will present him with a purse.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS' DEMANDS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Secretary, Municipal Workers Union writes:—

The Managing Committee of the Municipal Workers' Union met last evening to consider the letter from the Municipal Commissioner stating his views and proposals relating to the nine demands of the Union. While the Committee felt satisfied with regard to his assurances in connection with certain demands there was keen disappointment among the members at the Municipal Commissioner's reaction to the demand for rent-free quarters or house rent allowance. The Managing Committee, therefore decided on the Municipal Standing Committee taking up the question in right earnest.

It was also felt that it would not be advisable to withdraw the notice of strike until the arrears are paid off as assured.

The Committee also thought that it was not within their competence to withdraw the notice of strike as the same had been given according to the demands of the workers in the various Departments. It was, therefore, decided that the general body of the Union should meet out side the Office near B.I.T. Chawl No. 11 at Foras Road, and make a decision in the light of the Municipal Commissioner's letter to the Union.

Timings Of Mail And Express Trains At V.T.

The Chief Transportation Supdtt, G.I.P. Railway, writes:—

The timings of Madras Mail and Madras Express trains have been further revised and their arrivals at and departure from Bombay will be as under:—

ARRIVALS: Madras Mail 7-20 instead of 12-55 Madras Express 22-45 subject to alteration.

DEPARTURE: Madras Express 17-25 subject to alteration; Madras Mail 21-50.

Poona Mail will leave Bombay at 17-15 instead of 17-30.

Radio

BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s) 7-30 a.m. Abdus Salam Geet (Baimukund "Arsh") 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Vinayak Sakhalkar 8-45 Abdul Salam Ghazal 9-0 Vimal Narvekar (Vocal) 12-0 p.m. A variety programme 12-30 Variety 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Mishra Sangeet 1-25 News (H) 130 News (E) 1-40 Band of H. M. Life Guards 2-0 Derek Oldham and Male Chorus 2-15 Louis Levy & His Orchestra 4-20 K. Thakore Gujarati Geet 4-40 Sarojini Nadkarni (Vocal) 5-0 Vinayak Sakhalkar (Tabla) 5-15 Shankar Rao Vyas (Vocal) 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Vimal Narvekar (Vocal) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 Vinayak Sakhalkar (Tabla) 7-30 Talk (H) 7-45 D. V. Paluskar 8-0 News (M) 8-15 p.m. News (G) 8-30 K. Thakore Gurarati Geet 8-45 Stree Shakti (G) by Aparana Trivedi 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 BBC News Relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Talk (E) 10-0 Vimal Narvekar (Vocal) 10-30 Shankar Rao Vyas (Vocal) 11-0 Close down.

VARIATIONS

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s) 7-40 a.m. Bhavgeeten 5-45 p.m. K. Thakore Gujarati Geet 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners. 61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s) 7-45 Commercial News 8-0 Sarojini Nadkarni (Vocal) 9-0 Shankar Rao Vyas (Vocal) 10-0 Dido and Aeneas 11-0 Close down.

CORPORATION OF CERTIFIED SECRETARIES

June 1948 Examinations

Following is the list of successful Indian Candidates:—

PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION
BURWAY, Laxman Dattabrya.
PARTHASARATHY, T.K.,

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION
Third Place:— RAMANATHAN, Kollengode Surbramania, K. M. Abrahim, R. Ananthakrishnan, P. N. Balakrishna, R. D'Costa, S. L. Desai, Miss E. Dharmakan, M. S. Ezekiel, J. A. Figueireo, S. R. R. Gopalkrishna, K. K. Kasinarayanan, S. R. Kochak, T. R. Kochunny, R. A. Kotyan, E. G. Lobo, K. N. Menon, K. V. Menon, F. A. B. da P., Miranda, M. P. Nachaiya, W. B. Nadkarni, M. Nagarajan, A. K., Narayana, A. K. Narayana Rao, M. Navarathnam, L. G. Oka, M. S. Pai, N. C. Pandya, M. Prabhakaran, K. R. Jajappa Panicker, P. Sankaranarayanan, S. W. Sankholkar, R. C. Shah, M. L. Sharma, S. G. Sheorey, T. N. Srinivasan, (with distinction in the subject of "Accountancy"). S. D. Sud, T. C. Sundaram, S. Sundaramayyar, K. V. Swaninathan, M. J. Tendulkar, M. S. Viccajee, N. S. Virdi, J. G. Zilkha,

Intermediate (Section "A") Examination.

S. Ananthakrishna Iyer, L. V. Bhat, A. J. Carvalho, R. C. Dalal, P. P. Dashaputra, R. D. Deboo, N. V. Gavaskar, B. S. Govindaraju, N. I. Jayaraman, R. V. Kapadia, A. B. Kulkarni, R. Kuttuva, K. N. Kutty, M. P. Luna, M. T. Mathew, D. N. Mathur, H. V. Merchant, A. Parameswaran, Y. C. Pathak, H. Raju, M. K. Seksaria, R. N. Tungare.

Intermediate (Section "B") Examination.

H. H. Kumar, and N. R. Veeraraghavan.

Final Examination.

SILVER JUBILEE (OVERSEAS) PRIZE:— BIRDY, Miss Freny Bhunjishaw.

A. B. Balaram, E. S. Beecham, C. K. Bhat, (with distinction in the subject of "Accountancy") M. H. Bhide, H. Bhasker Rao, P. V. Chandrasekaran, S. S. Chaudhari, T. K. Date, (with distinction in the subject of "Accountancy"). Miss B. J. Gandhi, M. G. Jawle, S. J. Kapadia, J. L. Lobo, R. P. Pandit, O. M. Pereira, Miss K. P. Photographer, A. K. I. Ramaswamy, S. G. Rege, R. N. Salcar, B. G. C. Sequeira, I. J. Shabi, K. S. Shetty, S. S. Singhi, R. A. Sreedharan, K. Srinivasan, G. Srirama Murty, C. N. Subramanian, M. J. Suvarna, J. K. Tarachand, V. J. Thomas.

Final (Part 1) Examination.

P. G. Bhirangi, and M. M. H. J. Humlani.

Final (Part 2) Examination.

H. N. Badve, Miss J. K. Choksi, R. Dave, E. C. Dastur, M. M. H. W. Humlani, C. L. Kothari, P. S. Manikar, D. S. Patel, S. P. Pinto, Y. M. Raval, A. M. Ramos, B. J. Sahiar, P. P. Satsangi, C. M. Shroff, M. L. Surana.

MUSLIM SOCIAL WORKERS' GROUP

The Secretary, Muslim Social Workers' Group, writes:—

The Muslim Social Workers' Group of Bombay will celebrate Ide-ul-Zuha (Bakr Id) by distributing clothes to the poor and the needy and toys to poor children. The Group also intends to organise a joint Id celebration of a cosmopolitan nature on Saturday evening.

WEATHER

DAILY WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Oct. 12 (API): Following is the daily weather summary for Tuesday, the 12th October, 1948:—

The western disturbances over the East United Provinces has passed away.

Thunderstorm rain has been widespread in Malabar and the south Bombay Deccan and local in north-east India outside Bihar.

A few thundershowers have also been reported from the east Central Provinces, the Konkan, Hyderabad and the north Madras coast.

Night temperatures were appreciably above normal over the region from the East Punjab to the north Central Provinces and east Gujarat.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 13TH:— Thunderstorm rain will be widespread in Malabar. West Bengal and Assam and local in Chota Nagpur and along the Orissa-Circars coast. A few thundershowers are likely in the rest of the Peninsula, in South Rajputana, west Central India, the west Central Provinces and in and near the East-Punjab— West United Provinces hills.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:— A few falls of heavy rain are likely in Assam and South Malabar during the next 48 hours.

Weather Chart

POONA, October 2, (API): The following is the daily weather charrt showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st October, 1948, and departure from normal recorded at eight hours (IST.) on 12th October, 1948:—

Ahmedabad 100 77 0 0.2 plus 0.1, Allahabad 89 75 0 0.3 minus 0.1; Baroda 101 74 0 0.1 nil; Belgaum 80 67 0.1 3.2 plus 0.9; Bhuj 92 74 0 0.9 plus 0.7; BOMBAY 87 78 1.1 1.9 plus 0.7, Calcutta 86 75 0.1 5.7 plus 2.5; Colombo 87 75 7 1.5 minus 2.1; Cuttack 85 73 0.7 1.7 minus 0.4; Darjiling 60 50 0 5.9 plus 3.3; Dehradun 82 66 1.1 2.9 plus 2.0, Delhi 96 71 0 0 minus 0.3; Hyderabad (Dn.) 88 71 0 0.1 minus 0.9, Hyderabad (Sd.) 94 70 0 0 0; Karachi nil 75 0 0 0; Khandwa 97 72 0.1 0.4 plus 0.1; Lahore 94 73 0 0.1 minus 0.1; Lucknow 90 74 0 0.3 plus 0.5; Madras 93 79.0 2.7 minus 0.6; Mahabaleshwar 75 62 0.5 2.2 minus 1.5; Multan 101 72 0 0 0; Mussoorie 62 54 0 0.7 minus 0.1; Mysore 84 67 0 1.4 minus 1.8; Nagpur 93 70 0 0.8 plus 0.1; Ootacamund 70 46 0 2.1 minus 1.1; Pachmarhi 82 59 0 0.4 minus 0.8; Patna 86 76 0 2.3 plus 1.1; Peshawar 92 66 0 0 minus 0.1; Poona 90 70 0 2.6; plus 1.0; Rajkot 91 71 0 2.4 plus 2.1; Rawalpindi 91 67 0 0 minus 0.3; Shillong 67 56 0.6 9.8 plus 7.1; Sholapur 90 71 0 0.8 minus 0.6; Simla 61 53 0 0.9 0; Surat 97 70 0 2.8 plus 2.1.

NATAL'S NEW ANTI-INDIAN DRIVE

Ban On Family Remittances To Mother Country

JOHANNESBURG, Oct. 12 (U.P.I.): The Durban Socialist Welfare Department has received instructions from Pretoria to stop all family allowances to India on December 31 this year.

Meanwhile, all new applications for permission to send allowances are being rejected, and those Indians, whose claims had been suspended pending further investigation, are not being replaced on the Register maintained for this purpose.

It may be recalled in this connection that during October, only 516 families received allowances from South Africa. They will continue to receive them till the end of the year.

Merchant Shipping Acceding State Ordinance

NEW DELHI, Oct. 11 (U.P.I.): The Governor-General of India promulgated the Merchant Shipping (Acceding States) Ordinance with the primary object of securing for Indian States' ships the privileges that accrue to Indian ships.

As a necessary corollary, Indian States' ships have to be subject to the obligations and controls to which India ships are subject in matters such as priority cargoes, priority movements and transferability of ownership and registration.

TRUMAN STANDS BY F. D. R'S. 'NEW DEAL'

NEW YORK, Oct. 12 (Reuter): President Truman, in his campaign for next month's Presidential election, has declared his support for the whole of Mr. Roosevelt's "New Deal" policy and accused Mr. Thomas Dewey, his Republican rival, of wanting "to destroy it with a hatchet job."

In a speech at Akron, Ohio(last night, the President offered his own eight-point new deal programme:

1. Repeal the Taft-Hartley Labour Act.
2. Increase the national minimum wage from 40 to 75: 3.5' an hour.
3. Extend Social Security Insurance to 'large groups of people not now protected."
4. Raise such benefits by "approximately 50 per cent".
5. Expand "facilities for looking after the Nation's Health."
6. Give Federal aid to States for education.
7. Give Federal aid for "slum clearance and low-rent housing."
8. Act at once against high prices.

DEWEY AT CHICAGO

In his first campaign speech since President Truman abandoned his plan to send Chief Justice Vinson on a peace mission to Moscow last week, Governor Dewey declared in Chicago last night that the Republicans would "unfailingly back up the work of its own representatives in the United Nations for peace."

He made no other reference to the plan, dropped after consultations between the President and Mr. George Marshall, Secretary of State, which Mr. Dewey was known to have regarded as a mistake.

"VIJAYA DASHAMI" CELEBRATIONS IN CITY

BOMBAY, Tuesday:

Swords and martial weapons draped in flowers, religious idols and books were worshipped and prayers offered in temples today when Hindus celebrated "Vijaya Dashami" — the end of the ten-day-old Dussera festival signifying the triumph of Durga, wife of Lord Shiva, over the buffalo-headed demon Mahishasura.

Since dawn large crowds thronged the city markets, bazaars and street corners buying festoons and buntings made of yellow-petalled flowers, to be hung at door-steps and across streets. Many localities wore a colourful appearence with processions passing under huge arches of green leaves.

Many four-year-olds were formally taken to schools and had their educational careers inaugurated on the day considered auspicious by Hindus. As priests chanted hymns the children were led to write a few letters on palm leaves, thus beginning their instruction.

As on the preceding nine days of Dussera, music and dance performances were held in houses in gaily decorated halls. A day-long "puja" of Shiva's spouse was also kept up.

Many associations and clubs in the city celebrated the day by holding joint prayers and taking out processions to the sea where the image of Durga was immersed in the waters ceremonially.

It is also said that on Vijayadashami Day Rama marched against Ravana, the king of Lanka Island.

HAWKING IN TRAINS

The Assistant Secretary (complaints) of the G. I. P. Railway writes that no licenses had been issued to hawkers for hawking in trains in the past nor are any in contemplation. That owing to large influx of refugees in the city and Suburbs appreciable results in regards to checking of vendors' nuiance have not been obtained. Even though special squad of ticket checking staff had been employed, considerable difficulty was experienced in dealing with beggars and hawkers due to misplaced sympathy of the travelling public, this during July and August 1948, 600 prosecutions were launched. Help of the Chief Presidency Magistrate was also sought in that respect.

The G.I.P. Administration would appreciate the public's co-operation by refraining from buying from such vendors in trains or giving alms to mendicants in stations or in trains.

RAJKOT, Oct. 12—It is understood that the Saurashtra Government in the near future will nationalise the bus transport service and hence buses run in Saurashtra in an area of 20,000 miles. It is likely that Saurashtra Government will buy 250 new buses.

DADOO MEETS NEHRU

LONDON, Oct. 12, (Reuter): Dr. Yusuf Dadoo, President of the Transvaal Indian Congress, who arrived here from South Africa last Friday, saw Pt. Nehru, the Indian Prime Minister, at India House here today.

Dr. Dadoo, who hopes to bring the racial discrimination against non-Europeans in South Africa before the United Nations, reported to Pt. Nehru on the position. They will have further meetings, India League headquarters stated.

The India League added that all legal methods to enable Dr. Dadoo to visit Paris for the United Nations Assembly meeting were being investigated and that Dr. Dadoo was now "very hopeful of being there within a few days".

Dr. Dadoo's difficulty is that he is without his passport, which was impounded by the South African Government on September 10. The South African Supreme Court, however, granted a temporary interdict restraining the Minister of the Interior from preventing him from leaving the Union.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 12, (UPI): The strength of the Calcutta Police is likely to be increased soon by addition of one more Battalion to the existing force, it is learnt. This will mean an addition of about 750 persons to the Calcutta Police.

DRAFTING BHOPAL'S NEW CONSTITUTION

Committee Of Six Appointed

BHOPAL, Oct. 12.

In accordance with the agreement reached in April last between the Ruler of Bhopal and the principal political parties in the State, including the Bhopal Praja Mandal (now Bhopal State Congress the appointment has been announced of the following Drafting Committee, which will draw up the new Constitution of the State:—

Mr. Justice Mahabir Prasad Verma, Judge of the Bhopal High Court, Chairman:

Mr. Kamta Prasad (Bhopal State Congress), Minister for Agriculture and Forests,

Mr. Sultan Mohammed Khan, (Bhopal State Congress) Mr. Gai Lala Mulkraj (Bhopal Political Conference) Minister for Public Works,

Mr. Raghubir Dayal (Independent), and Syed Hamid Razvi (Independent).

Mr. Rajendra Narain Bisarya, Reforms Secretary, and Mr. Mohammed Athar, Secretary, Bhopal Public Service Commission, will jointly act as Secretaries of the Committee.

ADVISORY BOARD

The announcement adds that to assist and advise the Drafting Committee from time to time, the ruler has appointed an Advisory Board comprising of the Chief Minister, Raja Sir Oudhnarain Bisarya and the Revenue Minister, Mr. Mahmud Hussain. The Advisory Board's recommendations will not, however, be binding on the Drafting Committee.

FOR ALL KINDS OF Cough
'ZEPHROL'
TRADE MARK
COUGH SYRUP
an M&B product
PARTICULARLY ACCEPTABLE TO CHILDREN
MAY & BAKER
BOMBAY • MADRAS • CALCUTTA • LUCKNOW

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DISPOSALS
SALE OF MEDICAL STORES.

Sealed tenders in double covers both superscribed Tender No. "C/US/TEN/45" are invited for the purchase of the following Medical Stores:

NAME OF STORE	UNIT	QUANTITY
Dressing First Aid, Small White Oakum 1 lb. Roll.	Each	12,15,000
	Cartoon	52,000
Bandage Gauze, Compressed, White 3 in. X 6 yds.	Box of 72 pcs.	1,00,000
Sponge, Surgical 2 in. X 2 in.	Bag of 200 pcs.	45,000
Pad, Surgical, 12 in. X 16 in.	Bag of 20 pcs.	30,000
Sponge, Surgical 4 in. X 8 in.	Bag of 180 pcs.	15,000
Cup, Spit, Paper	Pkg of 100 pcs.	1,10,000
Cup, Paper, collapsible	Cartoon contg. 250 Nos.	35,000

Bids may be for any quantity but not less than for a minimum of 5,000 Units. Price to be quoted per unit as stated above.

Location: Chamaria Jute Mills Medical Stores Depot, Howrah.
Last date for receipt of tenders: 4 P.M. on November 10, 1948.
Public opening of tenders: 12 Noon on November 11, 1948.
Tenders to remain open for acceptance up to: December 10, 1948.

All tenders should be accompanied by a receipt for 10 p.c. of the total price offered, deposited as "Revenue Deposit" in favour of the Director, United States Transfers, Directorate General of Disposals, Calcutta, under the Head of Account "Dy. Accountant General, Industry and Supply, American Surplus Section, New Delhi" in the Imperial Bank/Reserve Bank of India or Government Treasury, and should be addressed to the Director, United States Transfers Directorate, D.G.D., 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta. Drafts on other Banks, Cheques and Cash will not be accepted as Earnest Money. Earnest Money of successful tenderers will be retained as Security Deposit against satisfactory completion of Contract. Conditional offers and tenders without the receipt for Earnest Money will not be considered.

Permits to view the stores can be had from the Director, U.S.T., 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.

All sales will be ex-site and subject to the conditions laid down in Form "Con. 117" a copy of which may be seen at any of the Disposals Offices at Bombay, Kanpur, Madras, Calcutta and the Office of the D.G.D., New Delhi.

The Director, United States Transfers Directorate reserves the right to reject all or any offer without assigning reasons therefor.

Issued by
The Director United States Transfers,
Directorate General of Disposals,
6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.
A.C. 434

The Bombay Chronicle

You can't run a government solely on a business basis..... Government should be human. It should have a heart. —HERBERT H. LEHMAN

HOUSING IN BOMBAY

The Bombay Government has undertaken a big and bold scheme to provide better housing facilities to the people of the province. It has decided to set up a statutory Housing Board for the province, possessing a fair measure of independence and flexibility but subject to Government control in matters of general policy. The Board will be independent of local bodies and co-ordination between the two agencies will be ensured by Government. All this requires special legislation which has been embodied in a bill published in the Government Gazette of October 8.

Ordinarily the task of providing better housing facilities could have been achieved by a non-statutory Board or Boards appointed by Government acting in co-operation with local bodies. As a matter of fact Government appointed such a Board in 1947 and we are told that works worth 3-4 crores of rupees "have been partly undertaken and partly projected"—the unprecise language suggests that much is only projected and but little has been completed. Much less, if anything, has been achieved by local bodies, which have very limited financial resources—they have always been shy of exercising the taxation powers they possess—and which have little power to ensure an adequate supply of building materials. Hence the need for a special statutory Housing Board with wide powers. The Board will take over Government's past building programme together with the relevant assets. It will also receive subventions etc., from various sources and will have powers to issue debentures which may be guaranteed by Government.

We may assume the new Board will have all the powers and resources it needs for the work entrusted to it. We trust it will make a better use of its powers and resources than the Board appointed in 1947 did. It will not be enough to formulate grandiose longrange policies. Far more urgent is an immediate programme of both direct and assisted construction. To make the best possible use of the financial resources of the people needing accommodation, assisted construction should be tried as far as possible, particularly through co-operative housing societies. But if such construction is not prompt enough, the Board must step in with wide schemes of direct instruction, and the Board's buildings may later be transferred to co-operative societies or local bodies or even individuals. Perhaps the biggest difficulty in the way of a speedy housing programme is the lack of building materials. We are told that the new Board "may make schemes for accelerating production of building materials and cheapening construction and arranging necessary research". Perhaps this industrial work can be better done by a separate body which should be charged with this specific work, instead of its being an optional activity which the proposed Board "may" or may not undertake.

Medium Of Instruction

In his Founder's Day address at the Dun School Mr. Rajagopalachari could not help referring to the vexed question of medium of instruction in the school which draws its pupils from all parts of the country. "Whatever the medium of instruction in other schools in other provinces," he said, "I fear the English language will remain in the Dun School" although, he added, it did not suit national self-respect. We cannot believe he meant that the English medium must remain in the school for all time. It is recognised by most educationists as a sound principle that, as soon as feasible, the medium of instruction even in colleges — at any rate for under-graduates—should be the mother tongue and that in all-India institutions the medium should be Hindustani, the national or federal language. Of course, the time for the change cannot be rigidly fixed today as it must depend on the preparation of suitable text books in the Indian languages and the popularisation of the national language in all provinces. This does not seem possible in five years. It is reasonable to expect the job to be done in ten or fifteen years, though in some cases, as for instance in post-graduate institutions, longer time may be necessary. A progressive change in the desired direction should be brought about. In any case, Government must take the lead in preparing new text books and popularising the national language as determined by the Constituent Assembly and we trust the Constituent Assembly will decide upon Hindustani as the National language. Hindustani has been the national language according to the constitution of the Congress. It is the language which Mahatma Gandhi insisted should be the national language. Rajaji took the right view of the matter when he said that compromise rather than compulsion was perhaps the only solution of the problem of medium of instruction and that the present synthetic culture that India had developed could not be undone.

Trygve Lie On War Scare

As Secretary-General of the United Nations, the very existence of which depends on peace, it is only right and proper that M. Trygve Lie should discourage despondency and alarm in respect of the present situation in the world and its future possibilities. In fact, it is the duty of every one concerned for international goodwill and peace to deprecate war-scare mongering. For the expectation of war, once it becomes a matter of vivid imagination, may, for no other reason at all, turn at any time into reality. There are powerful factors which despite all the heat in international controversies are deterrent of war. And the most powerful of these is the atom bomb itself. But those very factors are also a warning against any complacency or overdoing of optimism and a call for almost desperate efforts to ensure that the threat is removed decisively. M Trygve Lie spoke words of realistic wisdom when he said: "It is always possible in theory for the great Powers to stumble into a conflict, which would lead to a Third World War".

Big efforts are needed most urgently to fight the menace that arises out of the present Big Power conflicts and one of the immediate efforts is the one that has fallen to the lot of India to sponsor with the election of this country to the 11-nation sub-Committee on Atomic Control and of the Indian delegate as its chairman. Pleading with the United States, Britain and the Soviet Union to break the deadlock over the control of atomic energy, Sir Benegal Narsinga Rau, who has been striving so hard and earnestly to bring about a compromise, begged them to "think of the psychological effect on a world harassed by fear". Nor is a compromise at all impossible if the Big Powers subordinate their prejudices and suspicions for the common good in discussing a practical compromise. There is agreement on the fundamentals, namely, that atomic energy is too dangerous to be left uncontrolled and that the bombs should be destroyed rather than be used to destroy humanity. The controversy now centres on what should come first, if not simultaneously, and how it is all to be done. Sir B. N. Rau offered a basis of discussion in a resolution last week. The discussions have enabled Sir B. N. Rau to submit an amended resolution, which has succeeded in modifying the adamantine stand of the Soviet Union by its own offer, which was rejected by the Western Powers. It is practical and comprehensive enough to be acceptable to all and effective enough to get the parties concerned down to brass-tacks. If Sir B. Narsinga Rau's efforts succeed, humanity itself will heave a sigh of relief. For this may be the last cance of peace.

UKRAINE ACCUSES BRITAIN

Imposition Of "Unnatural Economy" On African Colonies

PARIS, Oct 12 (Reuter): The Ukraine today accused Britain of imposing an "unnatural economy" on her African colonies with the aid of police forces.

Speaking in a debate on the report on non-self governing territories in the General Assembly Trusteeship Committee, M. A. I. Galagan, the Ukrainian delegate, claimed large crops of cocoa, cotton, palm oil and ground nuts were being grown in West Africa which were of no interest to the native populations but were "purely developed for export at the expense of the indigenous cultures."

M. Galagan also made a general attack on all colonial countries, who, he said, were not carrying out the obligations imposed on them under the Charter.

U.S. IN BELGIAN CONGO

He expressed alarm at the "rate at which American concerns are penetrating into the Belgian Congo."

"Export figure given for 1938 and 1947 show an enormous increase in trade with the United States, who now buy up the majority of the Congo's iron ore," he added.

M. Galagan also spoke of a new concession given to a group of eleven companies, British American and Dutch, to exploit 4,000,000 acres in British Guiana.

"Foreign monopolies are extending their activities and are subjugating the interests of the native populations who only receive a few coppers in return," he declared.

Mrs. Naidu Undergoes Surgical Operation

LUCKNOW, Oct. 12 (UPI): Mrs. Sarojini Naidu Governor of the United Provinces, had to undergo a surgical operation which was performed yesterday by Dr. S. N. Mathur of the King Georges Medical Hospital, in connection with the injury sustained by her in course of her tour at Ghazipur on September 23 last.

She is progressing satisfactorily and there is no cause for anxiety.

'Quake Shock Felt At Ambala

AMBALA, Oct 12. (API): An earthquake tremor of slight intensity was felt in Ambala at about 3.30 p.m.

OUR DEFENCE SERVICES
How They Function

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI:—

The important services in Indian Army are the armoured Corps, the Artillery, the Engineers, the Signals and the Infantry. For the supply of munitions of war to the Army, there is the Indian Ordnance Corps, and for the organisation of the Commissariat there are the Indian Army Service Corps and the Indian Electrical and Mechanical Engineers.

INDIAN ARMOURED CORPS

The Indian Armoured Corps has inherited the tactical role of the cavalry; It is the first in attack and the last in withdrawal.

The Corps is organised into two Units:—

1. Tank Units, and
2. Armoured Car units.

Officers may serve in either, though a change over, once posting has been made, is not likely.

The training of the Indian Armoured Corps demands formidable technical knowledge which has to be assimilated in a short time. Broadly speaking, service in the Armoured Corps Units requires a higher level of intelligence than in Tank Units. Life in both is hard and strenuous, requiring the complete subordinating of the self to the bigger co-ordinated plan.

In both tank and Armoured Car Units, the subaltern's command is a troops consisting of three vehicles. The chain of command rises from the troop to the squadron and regiment.

INDIAN ARTILLERY

The categories of the Artillery branch in the Indian Armed Forces and its organisation are as follows:—

(1) Field, Heavy and Mountain Regiments;
(2) Heavy Anti-Aircraft Regiments,
(3) Light Anti-Aircraft Regiments,
(4) Anti-Tank Regiments,
(5) Anti-Aircraft/Anti-Tank Regiments,
(6) Coast Regiments, and
(7) Survey Regiments.

FIELD HEAVY AND MOUNTAIN REGIMENTS

Their task is to support the other arms by concentrations and barrages of high explosives and to destroy the enemy concentrations, prepared positions, machine-gun nests and anti-tank guns. These three types of regiments have the same basic organisation, and although they employ different types of guns they function in more or less similar ways. The Field and Heavy regiments are fully mechanised and possess a high degree of mobility.

The Troop is administered in two sections, each of which is under the command of a Subaltern. Section strength varies from 20 to 30 men according to the size of the gun. The chain of command is the Troop, the Battery and the Regiment.

Peace time life in the units is a constant preparation for action and the emphasis is thus on routine technical work. In action, life is galvanised into variety and excitement. Rapidity of movement is essential and as guns and weapons are important targets, they will attract the fire of the enemy.

HEAVY ANTI-AIRCRAFT REGIMENTS

These regiments are employed in two roles: the Static in which they form part of permanent defence, and the Mobile, in which they support other arms in the field. In Mobile Units, guns and instruments have to be handled in much the same conditions as in Field Artillery, although greater technical knowledge is required on the part of the Officer. The duties involve long periods of watching and waiting in which an officer has to maintain a high standard of efficiency and enthusiasm among his men. The emphasis is upon a permanent state of readiness. Success depends upon the correct handling of instruments, as no correction of fire is possible by observation as in the case of Field Artillery.

The officer's most important function consists in keeping enthusiasm alive in his men by devising various ways of training and organizing recreational and educational occupations, while maintaining his guns and instruments always ready for action.

LIGHT ANTI-AIRCRAFT REGIMENTS

These highly mobile regiments perform the important task of combating all forms of low-flying air attacks. They protect troops on the march and attacks enemy aircraft at extremely close range thus deflecting them from their objective. They defend their own men by destroying the enemy aircraft. Their most important quality is rapid movement. The basic unit is a troop consisting of 4 to 6 guns: from the troops the chain of command rises to battery and regiment as in other cases. The officer must possess very good knowledge of transport, and there is comparatively less emphasis on technical maintenance and training.

ANTI-TANK REGIMENTS

The first duty of these regiments is the destruction of enemy tanks. These regiments are highly mobile and move their guns from position to position as the battle demands. The officer has to develop a high degree of independence in command. The Troop consisting of 30 men equipped with six vehicles working 4 guns is the administrative, self-contained unit. Each gun detachment is so equipped as to be able to fight on its own. There is little technical work for the officer, but what is needed is ingenuity and imagination as well as the proper appreciation of the role played by the units with whom he is working.

ANTI-AIRCRAFT ANTI-TANK REGIMENTS

These regiments are a combination of two Anti-Tank batteries each containing three troops of 4 guns and two Light Anti-Aircraft batteries, each containing 9 troops of 6 guns. This grouping has been adopted for purely operational reasons.

COASTAL REGIMENTS

These are mostly static units which had little part to play during the last war, except in such places as Malta and Gibraltar. They are the watchdogs along the coastline, whose main function is to repel and break up any seaborne attacks. Equipment varies according to the probable liability of the coastal station, and the command varies according to equipment. In certain places the batteries are small and situated in remote inaccessible places; elsewhere they may be situated in the docks of large cities. The officer has mostly to keep watch, observe passing shipping and write intelligence reports.

SURVEY REGIMENTS

These regiments provide Field and Medium Artillery with information about enemy artillery. There are three main components in these regiments.

1. Survey, which consists in the determination of the gun positions, observation posts and targets in relation to one another or in relation to the map in use.
2. Flash-spotting, which consists in the determining of the position of enemy batteries by observing the flash of their guns when fired.
3. Sound ranging, which consists in ascertaining the position of enemy batteries by means of the sound of their guns when fired.

When warfare is mobile there is not very much for the survey regiments to do, but as soon as the main enemy defences are reached and the battle stabilises the role of the survey regiments become highly important. The officers in these regiments have to be specially alert and observant and their success in the final analysis depends upon accuracy and attention to detail.

[*The first article appeared on 12th instant.]

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Facing Both Ways

Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung Bahadur is pursuing a dual line of action at the United Nations. On the one hand, he is securing his line of retreat by declaring his intention to withdraw from the next Council discussion on Hyderabad and proceeding to Pakistan to "study the Hyderabad situation". On the other, he promises, or threatens, to be back in Paris "to be at the disposal of the Security Council if required to appear." Since the difficulty seems to be his refusal to accept the Nizam's freedom to act, it would have been more to the point if he had taken a trip to Hyderabad and seen things for himself there. Nothing, we are sure, would have happened to impede an honest inquiry and certainly the adroit Nawab Saheb need not have feared action against him by the Union, Government, As it is, he is creating difficulties for the Nizam by his open conspiracy with Pakistan to cast a slur on, since he cannot undo, a settled fact. The irresponsible antics of Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung Bahadur are, however, working themselves out to the inevitable end. It is a relief to know that the new Hyderabad that is coming into being will have no room for the shifts and stratagems of intriguing courtiers.

A Forced Choice

There is something pathetic in President Truman's assertion that he would rather have world peace than be president. The Fred Vinson episode canot but have damaged Mr. Truman's political reputation in the U.S.A. But the fact that it may have jeopardised his chances of being elected President, in no way implies that world peace has been further advanced by his action. In the existing circumstances, it is obvious that an American, who is President, cannot do much for world peace by losing the Presidentship. Mr. Truman's rather superfluous assertion—who, even if he preferred it, would publicly say that he valued the Presidentship more than world peace?—is a sign that he recognizes the wrong step he had taken, as well as the fact that it may recoil on his chances of election to the Presidentship.

Corporation & Linguistic Provinces

The Bombay Municipal Corporation which, after a full discussion of the subject, had, on a previous occasion arrived at a definite conclusion, would have stultified itself if it had listened to the suggestion made by some members on Monday not to depute its representatives for tendering evidence before the Linguistic Provinces Commission. The Corporation had resolved to recommend to the Commission that the consideration of the subject of the linguistic division of the country should be postponed for at least a decade, as the still unsettled conditions in the country to-day did not admit of any immediate geographical recasting of provincial boundaries. None of the speakers who pleaded against sending representatives to give evidence before the Commission tried to controvert seriously the facts of the existing situation or the wisdom of the course suggested by the resolution and they rightly failed to carry the majority in the Corporation with them.

Bombay Must Bestir Itself

Though the Gandhi Jayanti has come and gone, Bombay city has been able to collect so far only Rs. 10 lakhs for the Gandhi National Memorial Fund. This amount includes about Rs. 7 lakhs collected during the seven months before the Gandhi Jayanti began. Rs. 3 lakhs thus is too poor an amount for Bombay to collect during the Jayanti celebrations when it is remembered that the target for collections in Bombay upto February next year is one crore of rupees. Bombay must bestir itself and do its duty. It would be a lasting shame if this great city does not collect the balance of Rs. 90 lakhs during the next four months.

Unseemly Haste

We appreciate the Bombay Municipal Corporation's desire to promote economy and efficiency in its primary schools. We also appreciate the principle of co-education in these schools. But the "directives" given to the Schools Committee and the various complicated issues involved in them required their serious consideration by a competent representative body including experienced educationists and representatives of the Schools Committee as also of the Corporation. The least that was necessary was, as suggested by an amendment, to refer the resolution to the Schools Committee. The Municipal Commissioner agreed that the Committee should have a chance to offer its views on the resolution. Sheer fairness demanded a consideration of the Committee's views. We wonder why the Corporation has meted out such unfair treatment to its own Committee.

Call Off The Strike

The Bombay dock workers have belied the hopes of the public of the city by going on strike on Monday evening a few hours before the expiry of the strike notice. On the other hand, the Government of India has notified the constitution of two Boards of Conciliation to settle the dispute of the Dock Workers' Union with the Bombay Port Trust and the Stevedore's Association. The constitution of these Boards automatically makes the strike illegal and the strikers have been notified accordingly. At their last meeting they had decided to consider the situation if the strike was declared illegal. It will be wise on their past now to call off the strike. We suggest this not merely on the ground that the strike is now illegal but also because the Conciliation Boards offer the best chances of ending the strike satisfactorily. Mr. Asoka Mehta, President of the Bombay Port Trust Employees' Association, and Mr. M. Y. Nurie, President of the Bombay Stevedores and Dock Labourers' Union, who are nominal members of one Board, and Mr. N. V. Phadke, Vice-President of the Seamen's Union, a member of the second Board, can well be trusted to safeguard the interests of the strikers.

Welcome Understanding

The statement of Thakin Nu, Prime Minister of Burma, that he had come to "a new found understanding" with the president of the till now dissident Karen National Union, which has been demanding a separate Karen State, will be welcomed by all well-wishers of the Burmese people. Though the nature of the "understanding" with the Karen leader is not disclosed and though it is difficult to believe that the Karen nationalists will abandon their claim for complete autonomy, there is room for hope that a way may be found in the course of the negotiations between the present leaders of Burma and the leaders of the Karen nationalist movement not only for honourable association but also for active collaboration for purposes of mutual defence and other common ends in a most friendly spirit. The Karens must realise that for some time at least if not for decades to come, they would not be able to live in safety as a separate State, if they do not seek the friendly co-operation of the Burmese people. The Burmese and Karens would need each other's help and co-operation if they are to live in peace as sepafate States. The Karens would find it to their advantage if they cast in their lot with the Burmese, while enjoying the fullest possible autonomy, in the areas where they are in a large majority. They would be courting disaster for themselves if they fall a prey to wild ambitions which take no note of the hard realities of the situation.

Refugees In Bombay

Considering the tremendous difficulties of rehabilitating lakhs of refugees suddenly migrating into a province like Bombay, the way the Government has coped with the problem is most commendable. It appears the province has decided to absorb four lakh refugees and that this number has already been nearly reached. In the first stage the refugees have been given immediate relief, with provision of food, clothing and shelter, and the refugees in the Government camps at present are estimated at over one and a half lakhs. The difficulty of providing free food, clothing and shelter to tens of thousands of immigrants at a time in these days of scarcity can only imagined. The problem of settling them permanently is much harder. But through loans, free training in crafts, assignment of any available land, employment in offices and other means of relief the problem has been fairly solved. Let us hope it is permanently solved and that the refugees will soon be happy in the province of their forced adoption.

Naming Of City's Roads

At a meeting of a group of local social workers held on Monday a suggestion to rename Marine Drive as "Nariman Road" was mooted and it was decided that a resolution embodying it should be forwarded to the Municipal Corporation. We have no doubt the Corporation will give the suggestion its best consideration when the subject of suitably commemorating Mr. Nariman's services to the city comes before it. The appropriate manner in which the public of Bombay can commemorate Mr. Nariman's services, both to the city and the country, will have to be considered by a representative committee of citizens, who will be selected, as is usually done in such cases, at a public meeting of citizens specially convened by the Sheriff for the purpose. The question whether any of the roads in the city should be named after Mr. Nariman would also come within the purview of such a committee and that committee may be trusted to recommend to the Corporation which, if any, of the roads in the city should be so named.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

HAMILTON (Ohio), October 11: President Truman told an audience to-day that he would much rather have world peace than be President.
—U. P. A.

* * *

At the Commonwealth Prime Ministers' Conference, the Pakistan P. M., observing that they represented 600 million people, urged that "goodwill and co-operation among them could contribute largely to the peace and happiness of the Commonwealth."

Especially to the peace and happiness of 400 people.

We heartily commend Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan's plea to Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan.

* * *

Mr. Louw, of and for South Africa, looked forward to mutual discussion and settlement of matters of common concern between the Union and other nations of the Commonwealth.

Strictly excluding, of course, matters relating to Indians in South Africa which are a matter of no mutual concern.

* * *

In an article on the Commonwealth Conference, the "Manchester Guardian" says of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru: "He breathes the air of statesmanship and can take his place at an international table not merely as a delegate from his own country but also as a leading citizen of the world.'

That is quite all right and very true. But—but—, we mean to say, what about the other gentleman?

* * *

The Tory "Daily Telegraph" said that the presence of the Premiers of India, Pakistan and Ceylon at the Commonwealth Conference table was a reminder that the countries of the East faced "a menace as formidable as that which confronts Europe."

Or that which they suffered or are still suffering from "Europe."

* * *

On his arrival in London, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Reuters reports, recorded two messages, one in Urdu which, he ended with "Pakistan Zindabad" and the other in English.

Which he ended with nothing?

* * *

Explaining his letter to the Security Council, a member of Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung's "Hyderabad delegation" said that it didn't mean that the delegation was withdrawing the case or that the delegation was being dissolved.

It was only withdrawing itself from the work that was its *raison d'etre* The whole position is quite clear isn't it?

But we think we know what the "delegation" means.

* * *

A 'Hyderabad' representative would remain in Paris, it was further explained, while Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung goes to Karachi to get first-hand information on the situation in Hyderabad.

Splendid. Could any place be more suitable for getting "first-hand information" about Hyderabad than Karachi?

* * *

From the proceedings of a debate in the Bombay Corporation we gather that Messrs. Dinker Desai, G. G. Mehta and M. Harris didn't like the idea of the Corporation opposing the formation of new provinces on a linguistic basis.

And we are very interested to note that the Socialists (India) of Bombay at any rate are progressing into Socialists (Linguistic).

* * *

Mr. Morarji Desai declared in the Bombay Assembly the other day that gamblers had a bad effect by their presence in the city and it was necessary that confirmed gamblers should be removed from their areas of operation.

We nearly got a shock. But our attention was drawn just in time to the fact that the reference was not to the share and other commercial bazaars.

* * *

U. N. Secretary General, Trygve Lie said at Paris that he was convinced there would be no war "within the foreseeable future."

How far ahead can M. Trygve Lie see?

SOUTH AFRICAN INDIAN QUESTION BEFORE U. N. O.

Dadoo Holds Consultations With Mrs. Pandit And Nehru

LONDON, Oct. 12, (UPI): Dr. Y. M. Dadoo, South African Indian leader, had talks with Mrs. Vijayalakshm Pandit yesterday regarding the South African Indian question which will come up before United Nations General Assembly for discussion shortly. He had also talks with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in this connection this morning.

Dr. Dadoo is trying to leave for Paris on Friday next, where he will advise the Indian and Pakistan delegations on the same question.

IN THE OPEN AIR

Many of our most attractive climbing plants belong to the Convolvulus family and bear flowers which are trumpet shaped and very delicate in texture. In the garden we have the Jacquemoncia, with its clusters of small deep blue flowers nestling among the rather deep green foliage. Then there are the Morning Glories, so-called because their flowers of blue, red, mauve or white, open in the morning and fade by mid-day. Belonging to the same family are many of the wild flowers which clamber so rampantly over hedges and bushes and open their trumpets of pale mauve or white to the morning sunshine and add so much to the beauty of the countryside. One of my favourites is the very common variety with mauve flowers blotched with deep purple in the centre, and this morning I saw it at its best covering completely the ruins of an old house. A few days ago I found a new variety which mystified me badly for a time. As I have said these flowers usually come out in the bright sunshine and when I found a large bud almost ready to unfurl on this new plant I waited anxiously for the following morning to see what colour it would be. When morning came, however, and I went to look at the plant, I was disappointed to find that the flower had already faded while another bud was almost ready to come out. This time I watched at intervals throughout the day and discovered that the flower opened only at sunset and remained open only during the night for pollination by the night flying moths and closed again before sunrise.

D. R.

CONVOLVULUS

ANTHONY'S GREAT GOAL DECIDES ROVER'S FINAL

B. Muslim's Surprising Win Over Mohan Bagan

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

BANGALORE MUSLIMS 1
MOHAN BAGAN 0

Possibly the biggest surprise of the Rovers' Cup was brought off in the finals when seeded number one and the much-fancied Mohan Bagan went down to the plucky and gallant side from Bangalore by the only goal scored during the match. This vital and fateful goal was the magnificent climax of a game too eventful a tournament. Midway through the second half outside, Left Anthony started what appeared to be a promising run some forty yards from the Mohan Bagan goal. He rapidly diminished the distance to about fifteen yards before sending a powerful well-directed shot into the roof of the net, leaving custodian Bannerji wondering and aghast.

This wonderful feat of Anthony was almost duplicated, move for move, a few minutes taken when the Woodwork acted as the twelfth man for the Calcutta side and prevented the arrears from mounting up.

The end of the first session revealed nothing either dangerous or even formidable in the left wing of the winners' attack which played so decisive a part in bypassing the defence first and later of dismantling it altogether. Ahmed and Anthony strayed into Anil De and Taj Mohammad only to lose their way again in the first half.

Indeed, the initial pressure which Mohan Bagan kept up since the commencement of the game made a goal appear an inevitable matter of time. The weakness of the Bangalore Muslims defence, which was anticipated to be the key to the entire match, suffered quite some manhandling during the earlier stages of the game.

With the advent of a blank half-time fortunes and sides were changed. A side which had hitherto got rid of the ball somewhat hastily became aware of certain gaps in their adversary's armour Anthony's speed turned from merely an uncomfortable experience to the determining factor on which the pattern of the Bangalore side's attack took shape. Finding reciprocity and warm reaction on the left wing Ahmed maintained a consistent attack on that flank and repeatedly huddled the Bengal defenders desperately near their goal Even Sampangi, who usually prefers to do things his own way, saw the wisdom of such a policy and concentrated on exploiting the limitations of their powerful opponents.

Masoom, their skipper and a usually reliable performer, proved to be an excellent asset who egged on Anthony and Ahmed with shrewd and well-placed passes The inevitable goal that resulted from this sustained pressure was largely due to the spade work done by the Bangalore Muslims' left-half.

Against a set of brilliant forwards the work of Bashir was outstanding. Together with Das he kept Mewallal on a leash for long intervals. Das, Samad and Basheer whose performances during the previous engagements was rather indifferent, played sound football throughout and never made a single mistake during the match Their task was somewhat eased by the absence of Mohan Bagan's outside-right for the greater part of the match. Early in the game he pulled a thigh muscle and although he made a valiant attempt to return to the field was forced to remain a passive spectator

This accident rendered the attacking line of the losers incomplete and ineffective The close pattern-weaving which had characterised Mohan Bagan's displays during the earlier encounters had vanished and its place taken by tentative passes which were frequently intercepted before they reached their destination Not once after the absence of Rashad did Mohan Bagan come anywhere near getting a goal. From what was seen of their attack with a complete outfit during the opening minutes of the game, one feels almost certain that the absence of Rashad was the deciding factor

Opportunist Mewallal found his opportunism stunted. Guha Thakurtha was never certain how to part with the ball and the distance between Nayar and Das Gupta was too much to be effective.

De had thus to do the work of two men and did not succeed in doing either well. As a half-back he was too much of a forward and as a forward he was to much of a half-back. But his failure was glorious. Realising that his team could afford to miss neither a forward nor a halfback he tried to effect a compromise and like all compromises failed to be satisfactory. His enthusiasm, however, if not his perseverance as well, relieved much of the pressure that would else have fallen on Taj Mohammad

The Teams:

BANGALORE MUSLIMS—Kuppuswamy; Das and Samad; Rahiman, Basheer and Masoom; Anwar, Sattar, Sampangi, Ahmed and Anthony.

MOHAN BAGAN—C. Bannerjee; Taj Mohammad and Manna; Anil De Aso and Mahabir; Rashad, Guha Thakurtha, Mewallal, Guha Thakurtha and A. Das Gupta

DAVIS CUP TENNIS

Australia May Oppose Japan's Entry

MELBOURNE, Oct 12 (Reuter): Australia is unlikely to support the reentry of Japan into Davis Cup Lawn tennis. The matter has not been discussed officially but Sir Norman Brookes, president of the Lawn Tennis Association of Australia, said that Japan is still an enemy nation and he thought that her entry should not be accepted. Japan, he suggested, should have a period of testing before being given the privilege of playing against other nations.

Middle Park Stakes

NEWMARKET, Oct. 12, (Reuter): Major MacDonald Buchanan's Abernant won the Middle Park Stakes run over six furlongs here this afternoon. Marcel Boussac's Targui was second and Mr. James Rank's Decorum third. Only three ran

Betting 7 to 1 on favourite Abernant, 100 to 8 against Targui, 8 to 1 against Decorum. Won by five lengths with six lengths between second and third.

Atkinson To Ride Aga Khan's Nathoo

NEW YORK, Oct. 12. (Reuter). Ted Atkinson, one of America's leading jockeys, has been engaged to ride the Aga Khan's Irish Derby winner, Nathoo, in the £25,000 international gold cup race at Belmont Park, New York, on Saturday

PAREL SOCCER

BOMBAY, Tuesday

The following are the football matches to be played on Wednesday evening at the St. Xavier's Ground, Parel.

4-15 p.m. Parel Students S. C. vs. R.I.N. Barracks: (H.V.M. CUP)

4-20 p.m. Mohan Bagan vs. Bombay XI. (EXHIBITION MATCH).

HOUSING PROBLEM IN CITY

It Can Be Solved By Being Left To Private Enterprise, Says Patil

BOMBAY, Oct. 12. (API): Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, said today that it was his personal opinion that the problem of housing could be solved if it was left to private enterprise and co-operative effort by people of small means.

Inaugurating the "national hostel" in Girgaum sponsored by Dr. G. P. Bhide, a prominent citizen of the locality Mr. Patil said that things seemed to move faster in the direction of building more houses if private agents undertook the job. He admitted there was room for malpractices but he thought that even "black market money which was the source of all evils" would die its own death from exhaustion. The "no" which was the answer to every demand for building materials, from cement to iron was a "serious disease" and presented a problem to the Government and the people.

Commending the enterprising spirit of the sponsors of the national hostel. Mr. Patil cautioned against the danger of social problems which might arise out of the growing population of a mixed character. He said that a solution had to be found for decently housing the unfortunate thousands who had flocked to the city in recent months.

VASANT RAIJI SCORES CENTURY

Kanga League Cricket

Entertaining cricket was provided at the Kennedy Sea Face, when the Islam Gymkhana met the Jolly Cricketers in the postponed Kanga League fixture, the match ended in a draw Batsmen held the upper hand, Vasant Raiji scored a hard hit century, while Abdulla played a sound captain's innings of seventy-nine. Uday Merchant, Maka and Mohiuddin also crossed the half-century mark. Madan Raiji captured five of the seven Gymkhana wickets that fell, at a personal cost of eighty-six runs.

The following are the scores:

Islam Gymkhana 295 for 7 declared (K. C. Abdulla 79, E. S. Maka 51, M. Mohiuddin 50, M. N. Raiji 5 for 86) draw with Jolly Cricketers 234 for 2 (V. N. Raiji 110, U. M. Mehchant not out 64, H. E. Reshamwalla 31.)

RAWTENSTALL AND VIJAYA HAZARE

Not Signed Contract Yet

LONDON, Oct. 11. (Reuter): Vijay Hazare, the Indian Test cricketer, who was reported from India to have accepted an offer by Rawtenstall Cricket Club to play in the Lancashire League, has not signed for that club according to a statement by its treasurer Mr. R. Calrow today.

Mr. Calrow said "no players has yet signed for Rawtenstall though we have been in touch with several."

He would not confirm whether Hazare was among those the club had contacted. "We are hoping to make an announcement later this month," Mr. Carlow added.

PRABHU AND LALJEE WIN LONG DRAWN-OUT MATCH

Students Y. M. C. A. Table Tennis

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The first and second rounds of the Men's Doubles and Mixed Doubles were decided this evening in the Student's Y. M. C. A. Table Tennis Tournament. There was keen rivalry in these initial rounds and many closely fought out encounters were witnessed.

H. M. Khanchand who has now teamed up with Miss Jaya Walawalkar met in the second round his former partner Mrs. Gool Nasikwala this time in partnership with K. S. Cooper. Khanchand attacked as usual, but today he had a good defender to cope up with is Khatu Cooper In three exciting games Khanchand and Miss Jaya Walawalkar managed to survive in the third game.

In the Men's Doubles, two of the seeded pairs went by the board. S. L. Shroff and P. L. Shroff, seeded No. 3 in the event went down to a good pair in K. S. Cooper and P. K. Chaubal in two straight games. The other seeded pair, this time No 7. K. N. Shah and S. Asher in turn went down in the second round to K. P. Shah and S. L. Jai.

V. V. Prabhu and B. A. Laljee, who have been playing very well this season were taken to three games by a younger combination M. J. Galvankar and R. M. Ugrankar. The third game was fought over the extra points and not until fifty points were played before the better experienced pair got the verdict.

The following are the results:

MIXED DOUBLES

FIRST ROUND: S. L. Jai and Miss Venkata Rao beat I. A. Laljee and Miss F. Starvala, 22-20 21-17; N. B. Mistry and Miss Tarapore w.o. R. S. Desai and Partner; B. A. Laljee and Miss Suhas Dharap w.o. V. M. Nadkarni and Partner; H. M. Khanchand and Miss Jaya Walawalkar beat P. E. Billimoria and Miss Piroja Irani 21-14 21-6; K. S. Cooper and Mrs. G. Nasikwala beat Y. S. Vyas and Miss Amina Joosab 25-23 21-19; D. H. Varde and Mrs. Tipnis beat V. D. Kalavar and Miss Mhatre 21-5 21-15; V. V. Madgavkar and Miss S. Kudav beat S. C. Mudnaney and Miss Dasrai 21-10 21-19; K. N. S. Naravan and Miss Amladi beat R. N. Muthuswami and Miss Satarvala 21-15 21-10

SECOND ROUND: O. Dyer and Miss E. Bocarro beat P. D. Hillo and Miss S. F. Motivala 21-15 21-12; S. J. Bulsara and Miss G. K. Irane beat A. I. Jacob and Miss Dhun Munshi 11-21 21-13 21-11; J. S. Patkar and Mrs. Mani Bharucha beat R. D. Diwan and Miss Sita Jhaveri 21-13 21-18; H. M. Khanchand and Miss Jaya Walawalkar beat K. S. Cooper and Mrs. G. Nasikwala 14-21 21-16 21-19; B. P. Baliga and Miss Dhun Mistry w.o. N. J. Nensey and Partner; D. H. Varde and Mrs. P. Tipnis beat V. V. Madgavkar and Miss S. Kudav 18-21 21-15 21-17; B. A. Laljee and Miss S. Dharap beat K. N. S. Naravanan and Miss A. R. Amladi 18-21 22-20, 21-14. N. B. Mistry and Miss Tarapore beat S. L. Jai and Miss Venkata Rao 21-16 22-24. 21-17

MENS DOUBLES

FIRST ROUND: R. N. Muthusami and D. M. Kamath beat P. K. Joshi and D. H. Varde 21-17, 21-15; S. V. Gaokar and R. J. Dzawada beat C. R. Kelekar and R. G. Marathe 21-9, 21-14; B. M. Mahajan and U. S. Bangera beat R. D. Diwan and J. S. Segera 21-7, 21-15, R. M. Todywalla and B. M. Poncha beat K. V. Jariwala and M. V. Jariwala 21-16, 22-24. 21-17; S. C. Mudnani and A. P. Vakil w.o. C. C. Merchant and C. R. Mehta; Y. S. Vyas and K. N. S. Narayanan beat C. Muzumdar and N. V. Kapadia 21-8, 21—; B. M. Vakil and S. G. Vasani beat S. M. Katkar and N. J. Nensey, 18-21 21-17 21-19, V. V. Madgaokar and M. M. Desai beat G. K. Talwar and R. S. Thakkar 22-20, 24-22. K. C. Pujara and V. R. Shah w.o. A. A Ghare and R. M. Pradhan; R. G. Kalvanpur and V. Kolpe w.o. Pradhan and Choksi V. D. Kalavar and P. Kumar beat D. D. Walawalkar and K. L. Panjri 21-13 21-15.

SECOND ROUND: A. I. Jacob and S. K. Thakersi beat Y. M. Mahajan and U. S. Bangera 21-12, 21-17; K. S. Cooper and P. K. Chaubal beat S. L. Shroff and P. L. Shroff 21-13, 21-16; V. S. Vyas and K. N. S. Narayanan beat S. C. Mudnani and A. P. Vakil 21-8, 21-10; O. Dyer and R. M. Khatau beat B. M. Vakil and S. G. Vasani 21-16, 21-14; D. M. Kamath and R. N. Muthuswamy w.o. R. G. Kalyanpur and L. V. Kolile. J. S. Patkar and B. P. Baliga beat S. V. Gaokar and R. J. Dawda, 21-13 21-18; R. M. Todywala and B. J. Poncha beat K. C. Poojara and V. R. Shah, 20-22 21-15 21-15; J. Galvankar and R. M. Ugrankar beat R. N. Sethna and S. J. Lakdavala 21-11 21-15; P. S. Nilkanth and N. R. Samant beat R. M. Merchant and R. S. Talat 21-7 21-13; D. N. Bhatkal and A. S. Amladi beat N. J. Dawda and P. I. Bhatt 21-12 21-10; K. P. Shah and S. L. Jai beat D. W. Gaitonde 21-18, 21-16. V. M. Nadkarni and N. B. Mistri beat Y. K. Nadayra and I. A. Lalji 21-14, 21-14; P. C. Mudnaney and A. C. Mudnanev beat K. J. Bhagat and P. N. Shah 21-17 21-18. V. V. Prabhu and B. A. Laljee beat J. Galvankar and R. M. Ugrankar 21-16 13-21 26-24; Shirdasani and Karna beat Chaubal and Sowani 21-17 21-19; K. B. Nasarkatti and D. N. Bhatkal beat P. S. Nilkanth and N. R. Samant, 22-20 21-17; K. P. Shah and S. L. Jai beat K. N. Shah and S. Asher 16-21 21-18 21-16; V. D. Kalavar and P. Kumar w.o. P. D. Hillo and Partner S. J. Bulsara and P. E. Billimoria beat A. K. Shivdasani and L. T. Kerna 21-7 21-16; P. C. Mudnanev and A. C. Mudnanev beat R. V. Mehta and H. T. Kanadia 16-21, 23-21. 21-17; A. S. Amladi and D. N. Bhatkal beat Menafirvadeh and R. B. Desai 21-18, 21-23; 21-13.

FIXTURES FOR WEDNESDAY

5-30 p.m. 2ND Round of Juniors' Singles.

6-30 p.m. 3RD Round of Men's Singles.

MADRAS LEPROSY RELIEF SCHEME

Province-Wide Scheme To Be Enforced Gradually

(From Our Own Correspondent)

MADRAS, (By Air Mail): That a full time officer should be appointed to be in charge of the direction and co-ordination of the various activities concerning leprosy in the province and a research unit organised under him should work in close collaboration with National and International Associations interested in leprosy relief, is one of the principal recommendations of the Ad-Hoc Committee on Leprosy appointed by the Madras Government in 1946 "to examine and report on the present position and the further steps to be taken in the matter of leprosy prevention and treatment in the province with reference to the Post-war Reconstruction scheme and the Bhore Committee recommendations". The Committee is of the view that the back-ground of previous and existing work in Madras province is very favourable to the control and ultimate eradiction of the disease, but there are certain difficulties in the way of a province-wide scheme of relief being undertaken immediately. It suggests therefore that the scheme should be put into operation in certain selected and highly endemic districts and gradualy extended to other areas. The most important need in this connection is the drawing up of a map indicating the incidence of the disease in the various districts, and for this purpose provincial and district investigation units should be set up as soon as possible. The teaching on the subject of leprosy in the medical colleges should be co-ordinated on uniform lines.

The committee draws attention to the problem of child leprosy which is of special importance in the understanding and treatment of the disease and a scheme of protection of children from infection is considered by it of particular importance. It recommends that while Government should as far as possible assume direct responsibility for the organisation of leprosy sanatoria in endemic areas, voluntary work should be actively stimulated and encouraged. Lastly, the committee suggests that cities with a population of a lakh or more should be encouraged to put into operation schemes of leprosy relief and control, which should include the establishment of clinics, sanatoria, and examination of school children which should be followed up with treatment of infected cases.

A PROHIBITION SEQUEL

As a sequel to the extension of prohibition throughout the Madras province with effect from October 2, a somewhat difficult problem has arisen for the Government and the public. A considerable number of toddy-tappers have been thrown out of employment creating for the Government the responsibility of finding ways and means of finding suitable employment for them. It has been estimated that more than six lakhs families in the mofussil and more than 12,000 families in the Madras city have been deprived of their means of livelihood by the reform and an agitation is afoot to induce the Government to devise measures for their employment. The ex-toddy tappers have found a powerful sympathiser in Mr. Kamaraj Nadar, President of the Tamil Nad Congress Committee, who along with others has adumbrated the suggestion that they should be absorbed in the army, the police force, and in the various Government offices and private firms as peons.

Referring to this problem of ex-toddy tappers, the Madras Premier stated in an interview that the question of finding employment for them was engaging the Government's attention and that though it might be possible to absorb a number of them in the army, the scope of such employment was necessarily limited as there are certain minimum qualifications which army recruits have to fulfil. On the other hand Government has a scheme for organising co-operative societies in the villages in which ex-toddy tappers can join and employ themselves in such useful activities as tapping of palmyre Juice for sweet toddy and manufacture of gur and also take to some other cottage industries. These schemes will of course take some time to take effect, but what is demanded on behalf of the tappers is immediate employment.

It seems very likely that the problem will assume somewhat serious proportions in the near future and Government will have to find some ways in which they could provide or otherwise find employment for the ex-tappers. It has been announced by the Premier that the Government propose to appoint a committee to advise them on this matter.

AGRICULTURAL INCOME-TAX PROPOSAL

It is understood that the Madras Government are actively examining the suggestion of the Central Government that they should impose a tax on agricultural incomes as an anti-inflationary measure. A proposal to levy such a tax was already examined by the Madras Government, who also prepared a Bill in that connection. That Bill has, however, been kept in abeyance in view of the scheme for the abolition of zamindari and for the conversion of all zamindari areas into ryot-wari areas. It is considered that after zamindaris are abolished and the estates are broken up into ryot-wari tenures, the tax would yield in a very small return and the number of prospective assessees will be very few. Though at the suggestion of the Centre the Madras Government are examining the proposal, it seems unlikely that any final decision will be taken until the entire province comes under the ryot-wari system and it is possible to get a clear picture of the amount that the tax will yield and the number of persons who will be assessable under its provisions.

LONDON, Oct. 11, (Reuter): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, who is attending the Commonwealth Premiers' Conference here, will receive this week a deputation from the Sikh community in Britain.

Anti-Merger Activities In Mayurbhanj

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

CUTTACK, (By Air Mail).

The Mayurbhanj muddle is still a mystery. Although the merger of the state, finally, with the province of Orissa is a foregone conclusion still the recent events inside that state, according to reliable reports reaching here, indicate that the process of integration would not be smooth enough as was anticipated a few days ago by the people of Orissa. The State Congress has, no doubt, decided to join the Utkal P.C.C. and the Prime Minister of the State has, no doubt, declared in clear terms in the State Assembly about the benefits of integration of that state with Orissa. Yet the attitude of the Adibasis, evidently under the inspziration of outsiders, and their leaders have openly dissociated themselves from the move for the merger of the Mayurbhanj state with Orissa. The Adibasi representatives of the State Assembly, including Sri Maheswar Nayak, a minister, have already resigned their membership of the Assembly and some from the State Congress as well, as a mark of protest against the proposal for integration of Mayurbhanj with Orissa. The Adibasi leader of Chornagpur Mr. Justice Richard who visited Mayurbhanj recently in the course of a press statement has denounced the proposal for integration. The Adibasis who from an overwhelming majority of the population of the state could not easily be dismissed as nothing. The Prime Minister of the State has stated in reply to a question of a press correspondent that a special session of the Assembly of that state would be called to take a final decision in the matter but he could not give the date of such meeting. The Adibasis are holding meetings at different places of the state and are organising themselves to resist the merger and it is reported that they are being assisted by the Communists and the people of other neighbouring provinces in their agitation. A Government of Orissa spokesman replying to a question in the press conference held recently about the possible appointment of some of the leaders of Mayurbhanj and some high officers of that state as Executive Councillors and officers in Orissa denied knowledge of any such attempt. It is, however, learnt from official quarters that the provincial Government are ready with their plans of administration of Mayurbhanj immediately after its merger is officially decided. The leaders of public opinion in Orissa are nevertheless making frantic appeals to the leaders of Mayurbhanj for a peaceful merger of their state with Orissa in view of the larger interests of Oriyas.

In the meanwhile the donation of Rs. 2 lakhs made by the Maharaja of Mayurbhanj will come into the hands of the Orissa Provincial Mahatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund Committee according to an announcement of the Committee.

It was announced officially in the Orissa Secretariat Press Conference on 16th September that nineteen detenus arrested in connection with the movement for the formation of the Eastern States Union have been released by the Government of Orissa and orders have been issued for the withdrawal of prosecution against others and those who were fined have been returned their amounts.

Mr. A. V. Thakkar, General Secretary of the All-India Harijan Sevak Sangh is now on a tour of Orissa province and, the affiliated states accompanied by the Hon'ble Sri Rajakrushna Bose, Minister for the Backward Tribes Welfare Department and Hon'ble Sri Kapileswar Prasad Nanda, Executive Councillor for Orissa states. Mr. Thakkar is studying the conditions of the Adibasis as a part of his plans for the development of the Adibasis of the country. His tour lasts till 8th October next.

The Orissa Government have sent a memorandum to the Linguistic Provinces Commission, declared the Secretary of Publicity in the press conference. In this connection it may be remembered that the representatives of the Utkal P.C.C. and the Utkal Sammilani have also submitted their memoranda and given evidence before the Commission on 11th September. Besides this, the Orissa representatives of the Consembly have in the course of their memorandum to the President of the Constituent Assembly Dr. Rajendra Prasad have urged upon him either to expand the scope of enquiry of the present Linguistic Provinces Commission or set up another Commission to determine the boundaries of the provinces.

The official spokesman admitted the appointment of American experts for giving necessary instructions to the Government servants in different departments for efficient and prompt disposal of work in their respective departments. He also revealed that the provincial Government have recommended the names of 53 officers for Administrative training in New Delhi.

It was further announced by the Government that details of information regarding the total number of Communist prisoners in Orissa, extent of loss of crops consequent upon the recent floods, the establishment of a jute mills and the total amount of loan given to the Orissa Textile Mills Chowdwar would be given later after necessary enquiries.

The second group of American experts who visited Cuttack conferred with the Governor and the representatives of the Orissa Government at the Government House and discussed plans regarding the establishment of steel plants in Orissa province. The first group of experts visited Orissa in the month of August when they held similar discussions here.

It is learnt that the Cuttack-Sambalpur trunk telephone line will be shortly opened for the public. Work from both sides of the line has already been started.

The Government of India have allotted 8 tons of newsprint for use in text books and necessary applications from the publishers of text books have already been submitted to the Centre.

A report on the progress of the Grow More food campaign in the province of Orissa shows that during the year 1947-48, 7,888 acres of land were reclaimed by private individuals, 1,333 pucca wells were constructed and 196 new tanks were excavated. During the same period 41,206 maunds of improved paddy seeds and 5,247 maunds of local reputed paddy seeds were distributed. Besides some wheat, gram, groundnut and maize seeds 3,227 maunds of green manuring seed, 2,816 of Amonia sulphate, 67,499 maunds of oil cake and 120 ton 81 cwt of Bone meal were also distributed. The report adds that 31,882 monkeys were killed during the period under review. During 1948-49 the Government of Orissa have sanctioned a sum of Rs. 12 lakhs for various sorts of work connected with the Grow More food campaign, according to the report.

Dr. P. K. Parija, Director of Agriculture who has gone on leave for six months preparatory to retirement is succeeded by Sri R. P. Padhi, the Special Officer of the Agriculture Department.

The names of Rai Bahadur Chintamani Acharya, Advocate, Pandit Godavarish Misra, former Education Minister of Orissa and Dr. P. K. Parija the present Vice-Chancellor have been recommended by the Senate of the Utkal University to the Chancellor for appointment of the Vice-Chancellor. In the election of Vice-Chancellor by the Senate on 23rd September these gentlemen polled 47, 33 and 28 votes respectively. The other two candidates Messrs. Lakshmnarayan Shahu, member of the Constituent Assembly and Rajakishore Patnaik, Advocate polled 9 and 7 votes respectively. According to the rules the Chancellor will appoint any one of the three gentlemen recommended by the Senate.

As a part of the observance of the Gandhi Jayanti celebrations in the Government House the Governor of Orissa has appealed to the poets of Orissa to send to him their selected poems in different languages which will be recited on the occasion. The celebrations started with the hoisting of the national flag at the Swaraj Ashram by Sri Biswanath Das, President of the P.C.C.

Two important functions were held during last week at Cuttack which were inaugurated by the Orissa Premier Sri Haerkrishna Mahatab before his departure from Cuttack on a tour of Orissa states. These functions are All-India Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition and the meeting of the Council of Scientific Research of Orissa.

The New Delhi Correspondent of the "Prajatantra" an Oriya daily of Cuttack in one of his recent despatches reported a sensational event. The report of the correspondent stated that Mr. K. M. Munshi, Government of India's Agent in Hyderabad had sent important papers of his office to the Government of Orissa immediately before the police action against Hyderabad was started by the Government of India.

The Government of Orissa it is learnt have asked the Centre to give a loan of Rs. 72 lakhs for various nation building activities. The loan it is understood will be paid to Orissa Government in three equal instalment, the first of which is already paid.

Czechoslovakia-Pakistan Trade Agreement

PRAGUE, October 12, (Reuter): Czechoslovakia has concluded a trade agreement with Pakistan, it was announced here today.

The agreement will be signed in Karachi this month after approval by the two Governments.

Its provisions regarding imports from Czechoslovakia are already being carried out, it was stated.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Christians In Hyderabad

Sir,—The Christian community is the third biggest in Hyderabad as in India. The part played by the Christians in the freedom struggle is amply proved by facts and figures, not known yet to the public at large. The sacrifices made by the community along with their Hindu brethren, in loss of life and property, is fully rewarded by the freedom that Hyderabad has attained—thanks to the Indian Union. The call of the Hyderabad State Congress and the cry of the suffering masses has been answered, without further blood-shed and general massacre.

I shall refer the readers briefly to the various injustices done. Who can forget the dastardly attack on the Minister to build a mosque in the Dichpalli Leper Asylum without the permission either of the Mission or of the Government? At last the Mission had to sacrifice its property to please the fanatics. Even today a church in Hughes Town is the private property of a Muslim officer who dares not enter the sanctum sanctorum. All appeals are of no avail. The working class Christian community is driven to pray in the open.

The suffering of the town-folk pale into insignificance when compared to the innumerable village Christians losing life, property and places of warship. They courted imprisonment.

Since my giving up practice response to the call of the Pleader's Protest Committee, I have been subjected to special treatment, as the only Christian pleader daring to join the Hindu pleaders and, therefore, my properties at Timmapur Station are still under Razakar influence. I still protest to my community members that our life and culture is so intervowen with Hindu brethren that we cannot be separated by any allurement. We stand with them as ever.

While their brethren in religion were dying and fleeing for life, some Christians, henchmen of the Razakars, began glorifying in the promises of Mr. Kasim Razvi, held out in Mission School compound meetings and even their little finger was not raised in protest or sympathy. Mischievous propaganda, in the shape of munificent donations to some quarters and the employment of Government servants, was planned to wean away the peaceful Christians, who all the while preferred to be neutral and non-committal. The progressive elements were snubbed by interested parties and, yet I daresay, the community is neither lacking in sprit nor in strength to share the joys and sorrows of freedom.

The suffering of the village Christians as of their Hindu kith and kin are not yet over Even as I write, several Christians in my native place in Huzurn agar Taluq are still harassed by the Communists. Just a week ago, a midday meeting was held by the Communist leader challenging Nehru Government to catch him.

—G. S. Redorli.

Our National Anthem

Sir,—There has been much controversy in the press over the choice of a "National Anthem". The last I heard of it was in relation to the experience of a man who stood up when one of the two songs was being played at a cinema house after the show was over and the person next to him forced his way out muttering that it was not "National Anthem."

I wonder if the choice of the song has been made already or is still hanging in the balance. However, I put forward my suggestion.

I have endeavoured to know the songs and their meaning. For a long time I met with disappointment as the persons contacted did not know them. At last the proprietor of an educational institution obliged me with a copy of each song after repeated requests for a week and briefly explained to me the meaning. He agreed with me that "Vande Mataram" was in praise and worship of mother earth and "Jana gana mana" was for veneration of the Creator. If that is so, there is likely to be a great objection to the former from an important section of the people, viz., the Christian community who are strictly forbidden to worship "created things". This objection may not have been voiced for various reasons.

In case those in charge of the affair and the majority have no objection to music other than Indian, several songs and tunes may be suggested. One of them would be "The Old Hundredth", beginning with "All people that on earth do well", or the famous hymn "O God our help in ages past" which have only 4 short lines, or a longer ones beginning with "Lead kindly Light" of 6 lines and a martial tune of 9 lines beginning with "A mighty fortress is our God".

The music is ready and the songs may be translated into Sanskrit or any other Indian languages or new songs may be composed to suit the tune.

In view of the changed outlook and the ever-widening vision of our leaders, above all the unique idea of "World Government", it should not be difficult to align ourselves with the other enlightened nations of the world, in this respect.—Yours etc.,

D Bh.

Bombay Radio

Sir,—The area and the population that Bombay station of All-India Radio has to cater are in several ways different from other regions and it is high time the Director General of All-India Radio ordered the station to re-plan their broadcats to suit the changed situation.

What is first wanted is a proper census of the listeners, language wise and efforts made to put forth programmes in accordance with the proportion of listeners in the various preference groups. If this is properly done at present moment it will be seen that a huge number of the South Indian population of Bombay province as well as the newly arrived Punjabi and Sindhi elements have not been catered for by Bombay station.

Though the Government has appointed highly paid officers to follow public opinion and provided for broadcasts in accordance with current tastes what is often experienced is that no incentive to change is liked by the officers.

Maybe the shortage of technical equipment, etc., may be hampering the execution of the development programme of A.I.R. announced in the press some months ago; but certainly it is the duty of the Administration to see that in the interim the best is done to please the maximum number of listeners.—Yours, etc.,

S. R. RAJAN,
V. K. IYER.

45 Shivaji Park,
Dadar.

Kannada Training College, Karwar

Sir,—A Kannada Training College was started here two years ago and the strength of the college from about eighty has doubled itself now. Hostel accommodation is plenty and few complaints regarding other amenities needed for these trainees are heard. It is a fact, however, that there is no independent building for the college to hold its theory classes. But there are persons, who I am told, have offered either to convert some existing building to suit the needs of such a College or erect a new one, should the Department guarantee regarding the permanency of the College.

But, it is strange to state that in spite of this, the Education Department, it is heard, contemplates shifting the above College—to Kumta. If the Government were to decide to shift the above College from here, it would be a death-blow to the growing love of Kannada here, in Karwar, and it would be harming the interests of hundreds of lovers of Kannada. Will the lovers of Kannada and Karwar, therefore, rally round and start an agitation against this reported move of the Education Department to shift the above College from Karwar to Kumta?—Yours, etc.

IMPARTIAL OBSERVER

Karwar.

INDIA AND PAKISTAN IN KEY POSITIONS

Will Play Great Part In Commonwealth Defence

LONDON, OCTOBER 12 (REUTER): THE WHOLE FUTURE CONCEPT OF COMMONWEALTH DEFENCE MAY PIVOT ON THE ATTITUDE OF INDIA AND PAKISTAN TOWARDS THE OVERALL STRATEGIC PATTERN WHICH THE COMMONWEALTH PRIME MINISTERS ARE EXPECTED TO DISCUSS IN LONDON THIS WEEK, WRITES REUTER'S POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.

The two Dominions with their 4,000 mile coastline, common frontiers with other powers, vast land space and huge manpower potential are in a key position.

Today's debate on international affairs being initiated by British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin is expected to lead to an equally critical plenary session of defence in which Prime Minister Clement Attlee, as head of the Cabinet Defence Committee, will outline the picture of Commonwealth Security from the United Kingdom point of view.

Wednesday will see the end of the present phase of plenary sessions after which the delegations will break up into groups to consider problems that affect their particular interests.

These informal discussions are expected to enable the most realistic approach to certain questions known to rank high with individual delegations.

Any contribution to the solution of these problems—notably differences still outstanding between India and Pakistan and between India and South Africa—would be hailed as a triumph.

BEVIN TO REVIEW INTERNATIONAL SITUATION

Mr Bevin, Br. Foreign Secretary, was due to give a fullscale review of the international situation to Prime Ministers and their representatives at today's Plenary Session of the Commonwealth Conference here.

This subject, which is linked with questions of defence, will be debated by delegates at a later stage of the conference, which opened yesterday.

The inaugural meeting took place in what was described as "an atmosphere of extreme cordiality and friendliness" which was reflected in short speeches by the various leaders.

Dr Herbert Evatt, Australian Minister of External Affairs, representing Prime Minister Joseph Chifley, expressed confidence that the outcome of the conference would be an even closer understanding between the United Kingdom and the Commonwealth.

It would make a valuable contribution, he said, not only to the Commonwealth itself but to the nations of the world.

In the discussion which followed a general economic review by Sir Stafford Cripps, Britain's Chancellor of the Exchequer the visiting statesmen expressed warm admiration of the long way Britain had progressed towards economic recovery within a short time.

The Prime Ministers stressed the Commonwealth countries appreciation of the "substantial and rapid reduction" of the trade deficit of the sterling area.

MINISTERS TO DINE WITH KING ON WEDNESDAY

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter): Heads of delegations to the Commonwealth Conference which opened here today will dine with the King on Wednesday and with Prime Minister Clement Attlee on October 21.

Prime Minister D. S. Senanayake, of Ceylon, who has an audience with the King tomorrow, will not attend the morning session of the conference. His Nephew Mr. R. G. Senanayake, Member of the Ceylon Parliament, will take his place.

It had been expected that the Conference would end with a Plenary Session on October 25, but as Pandit Nehru may want to leave by October 23 the final meeting may be brought forward.

For the first time on such an occasion the Commonwealth statesmen were today televised at Number 10 Downing Street—the official London residence of the Prime Minister.

It was very successful and by what is regarded as a freak of reception the programme was reported to have been seen in the island of Guernsey, about 180 miles away.

NEW CANADIAN REPRESENTATIVE

OTTAWA, Oct. 11 (Reuter): Mr Louis St. Laurent, Foreign Minister and acting Premier of Canada, will leave by air for London on Wednesday to take the place of Mr MacKenzie King at the Commonwealth Prime Ministers Conference.

Mr. Clarence Howe, Minister of Trade and Commerce, will be acting Prime Minister during Mr St. Laurent's absence.

It is understood here that Mr MacKenzie King, who is ill in London, requested that Mr. St. Laurent should make the trip, to emphasise the importance Canada attaches to the London meeting. Mr. St. Laurent, it was understood, had intended to send a senior Cabinet Minister, and last night Mr. Howe and Mr Brooke Clayton, Defence Minister, were thought to be possible representatives.

Mr. St. Laurent succeeded Mr. MacKenzie King as Liberal leader and Mr. MacKenzie King has stated he would hand over the Premiership to him on his return to Canada.

PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORDS BEFORE AND AFTER ALTERATIONS OR RENOVATIONS TO YOUR FACTORY, OFFICES, BUILDINGS, ETC. ARE BEST MADE BY

HAMILTON STUDIOS
(COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT)
DOUGALL ROAD
BALLARD ESTATE
Telephone 22929

SCOTLAND PIONEERS RURAL DEVELOPMENT SCHEME

Plans For Experimental Township

Scotland is planning an interesting experment. The prototype of a modern township is to be built in the highlands as a test of what kind of community will best serve these isolated districts of the Scottish countryside.

The object of this scheme, which is now engaging the attention of the Secretary of State for Scotland, Mr. Arthur Woodburn, is to develop the rural areas in Scotland. A community that will provide adequate livelihood and all the necessary amenities for those living in those districts is aimed at.

The prototype township is likely to be built in one of Scotland's five National Park areas. It will comprise shops, schools, amenity centres and will support small industries. There are also to be facilities for farestry, agriculture and fishing.

This idea will also benefit visitors to Scotland. It will provide accommodation and amenities for tourists in districts whose magnificent landscapes are unrivalled elsewhere in the world.

Specification for this test township has been drawn up as a guide to architects and builders. A competition is also to be launched for the design and layout in which the Council of Industrial Design and art collages will co-operate.

By developing rural areas through the establishment of new self-sufficient communities of this type it is hoped to stimulate migration from towns to the countryside.

Japan Most Orderly Country In Asia

MELBORNE, Oct 11. (UPA): Sir Thomas Blamey, wartime Allied Commander of the South Pacific, said on his return from a visit to Japan that thanks to United States policy Japan had best government and was the most orderly country in Asia. He added that the Australians should trust General MacArthur's occupation policy.

Blamey declared that the United States tough attitude toward the Communists in Japan had the support of the people. He said Americans in Japan had not seemed "unduly mindful" of a war with Russia. He said they had their hands full administering Japan.

He discredited the "evil, untrue stories which various publicity seekers had spread about Australian occupation troops in Japan". Blamey said that nowhere in the world had he seen men whose dress and behaviour on duty and off duty merited anything but praise.

Is Man Created In Image And Likeness Of God?

PARIS, Oct. 12 (Reuter): The Soviet Union has made a "friendly protest" against including in the projected United Nations declaration of human rights the proposition that "men are created in the image and likeness of God".

Professor Alexei Pavlov, Soviet delegate, told the Social Committee of the General Assembly yesterday "in my country the postulate that man is disputed and is sometimes even regarded as reflecting a certain social backwardness.

QUEENSLAND 'RED' GETS 6 MONTHS JAIL

BRISBANE, Oct. 12, (Reuter): Mr. Gilbert Burns, a member of the Executive of the Queensland branch of the Australian Communist Party, was today sentenced to six months imprisonment by a Brisbane court for sedition. Notice of appeal was given.

Mr. Burns, it was alleged, said at a public debate in Brisbane on September 15 that if Australia was involved in a third world war between Soviet and Western Powers, the Communist Party in Australia would fight on the side of the Soviet.

(The Queensland Country Party had demanded in the State Parliament on September 16 that the Australian Communist Party be banned because of Mr Burn's alleged statement. Mr. Richard Dixon, Australian Communist Party president, declared, however, that Mr. Burns' statement did not reflect the views of the Party's Central Committee. The Communist Party would fight to defend Australia "whatever the circumstances and whoever the aggressor," he said).

BRITON WHO AIDED KAREN REVOLT

LONDON, Oct. 12. (Reuter): Col. John Cromarty Tulloch, accused by the Burmese Government of organising the Karen revolt from Calcutta has arrived in Britain.

His departure from India was shrouded in secrecy, he told Reuter today that he was still "incognito".

Col. Tulloch, who is 52, today denied he had played any part in the revolt, but expressed his sympathy for the Karens whose guerilla bands he commanded in many engagements with hte Japanese during the war.

Question Of Surplus Labour At Collieries

Government Sets Up Committee To Investigate

JHARIA, Oct. 9 (API): In pursuance of the decision arrived at the Tripartite Conference consisting of representatives of Government, coal industry and labour held at Dhanoad on September 13 and 14, the Government of India have set up a Committee to go into the question of surplus labour at collieries and examine the possibility of retrenchment of such surplus labour and if possible to offer alternative employment elsewhere.

This Committee, it is understood, will visit coalfields in the last week of this month when it will discuss the problems with representatives of colliery owners and labour. The Committee will also consider the question of how to stop the flow of extra labour to the collieries.

SEQUEL TO OMISSION OF VOTER'S NAME FROM LIST

Ahmedabad General Election To Be Postponed?

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD Oct. 12

A complicated situation has arisen in view of the recent important verdict delivered by the Asst. District Judge, Mr. C. Smith, in connection with the petition filed by a voter for not enlisting his name in the voters list, published by the Municipality, though he has paid his tax within the specified period of 31st July.

Ahmedabad General election on joint electorate is likely to be postponed for some time for want of time for the revised list. It is learnt that Ahmedabad Municipal authorities have referred this question to the Bombay Government through the Collector, and not ready to take the risk of election.

FIVE REGIONAL DIRECTORS FOR CO-ORDINATION

NEW DELHI, Oct. 11, (UPI): The Government of India have, it is understood, decided to appoint five Regional Directors for the five zones of East Punjab and East Punjab States; Bombay Province and C. P. and their states, United Provinces and Bihar, Delhi, Ajmer-Merwara, Rajputana States and Matsya Union and West Bengal, Assam and Orissa.

This measure is being adopted to secure effective co-ordination between the centre and the provinces and states, and to expedite implementation of schemes of rehabilitation.

The regional directors when appointed would, it is expected, be in frequent touch with Governments of Provinces and states in their respective zones with a view to ensuring co-ordinated action on various schemes of rehabilitation of refugees and also with a view to keeping the centre informed of the progress of rehabilitation of each area.

TIBET BUDDHISTS TO BE INVITED TO WEST BENGAL

DARJEELING, Oct. 11 (A.P.I.): Representatives of Sikkim, Bhutan and Tibet will be personally invited by the West Bengal Minister for the judicial and legislative departments, Mr. Niharendu Dutt-Mazumdar, to the reception in Calcutta on December 16 of the sacred relics of the leading disciples of the Buddha adherants Mogallana and Sariputta.

Mr. Dutt-Mazumdar, who is on a visit to Darjeeling, will proceed to Gangtok immediately after the pujas, and from there to Tibet along the Nathula pass, for extending the invitations.

As announced earlier, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, will receive the relics. Later, they will be taken to historic Sanchi.

SAMALDAS GANDHI ON ROLE OF CIVIC GUARDS

JUNAGADH, Oct. 11, (API): Mr. Samaldas Gandhi, Home Member in the Junagadh administration, spoke of the important role that civic guards could play in the life of the State when he opened a branch of the Junagadh civic guards at the town of Wanthali yesterday. He said that the work of the civic guards had been extremely valuable in maintaining peace when the town of Verawal was threatened by a communal disturbance recently.

Mr. Gandhi added, "we must increase our disciplined strength so that generations to come may enjoy the fruits of the freedom that is ours".

Referring to the strategic importance of Kathiawar, Mr. Samaldas Gandhi said, "in a selfish world, torn by opposing forces, we should try to build a wall of defence in order to save our country against any aggressive designs".

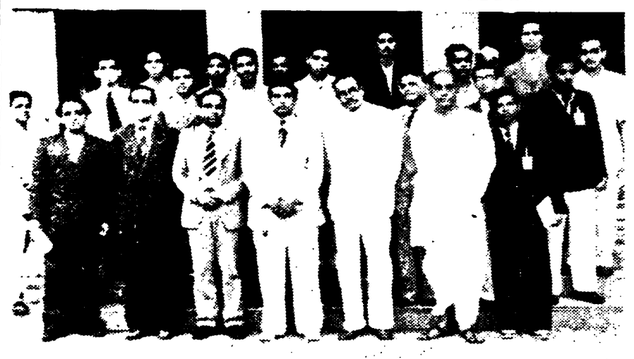
More than a hundred persons nave been recruited at Wanthali for being trained as civic guards.

Bihar Collections For Gandhi Fund

PATNA, Oct. 11 (API): Mr Anugraha Narain Sinha, Finance Minister of Bihar and President of the Provincial Committete of the Gandni National Memorial Fund, recently undertook a tour of Kathiar, Sunalli und Kishanganj in connection with the collection of the fund. A sum of Rs 1 lakh was collected from the places.

Pt. Bindanand Jha, Minister for Local Self-Government, has collected Rs 60,000 from Araral Sub-Division during the Gandhi Jayanti fortnight.

UNITED YOUTH ASSOCIATION



MR. S. A. IYER, DIRECTOR OF PUBLICITY WHO INAUGURATED THE UNITED YOUTH ASSOCIATION, AT SUNDERBAI HALL, ON MONDAY. DR. M. M. MASCARENHAS, MAYOR OF BOMBAY, PRESIDED.

Camels Or Elephants For Congress Presidential Procesion?

JAIPUR, (By Mail)

From Congress Reception Committee:—

The procession of the President-elect is proposed to be taken on a train of 55 camels—camels being a speciality of Rajputana. Nothing however, has been decided so far and Pundits are being consulted to give the scriptural version on the subject. In the event of the camel proposition being dropped elephants are being likely to fall next in the line.

As a fitting monument to those Rajasthanis who lost their lives in the fight for country's freedom and to make the memory of this first session of Congress first not only in any Indian State or Rajputana but first after India's emancipation from the foreign rule a lasting one, a martyar's pillar—Shaheed-Stambh—is proposed to be raised.

The height of the Pole on which the Tri-colour flag is proposed to be hoisted will be 111 feet.

On all days during Session time the proceedings will begin with Jan-gana-mana and end with Bandematram song.

GANDHIAN CONSTITUTION

Decentralisation As Bases Of Stable Democracy

In the course of a lecture delivered by Principal Agarwal on 'Gandhian Constitution' for Free India at Congress House Bombay on 9th October he said:—

Mahatma Gandhi's ideal of decentralised democracy where political power is devolved on more or less self-sufficient and self-governing republic is based on modern political science. Village Panchayats which should serve as basic units of administration from the basis of the Gandhian Constitution for Free India. Elections to the villages panchayats should be direct while elections to the taluqa, district, provincial and nistration form the basis of the Gandirect thereby eliminating unnecessPolitical power to the village panchayats may be transferred gradually.

Gandhian Constitution also envisages elections by lot.

Constitutions are in the nature of organic developments and as such India instead of merely imitating the British and American models which the present Consembly has done should have evolved a Constitution based on her past culture and genius. Centralisation may be necessary in the transition but the ultimate goal must be the creation of more or less self-governing panchayats throughout the land co-ordinated with one another into a Federal Co-operative Commonwealth. A time will come when not only Government of India but the government of other countries will be based on decentralised democracy.

dbge oo aIierfp dceu ke

Kher And Morarji At Pandharpur

PANDHARPUR, (By Mail)

Mr. V. A. Zapke Chairman of Reception Committee of the Sangola Taluka Kisan Parishad, gave a warm welcome to Mr. B. G. Kher who arrived here by a special car to inaugurate the Sangola Taluka Kisan Parishad on Saturday last.

Amidst loud cheers the Prime Minister inaugurated the Conference. It was presider by Sri Yeshwant Rao Chavan. Sri B. G. Kher boarded the B.I. Railway Train from Sangole to Pandharpur.

Sri Morarji Desai was presented with a civic address by the Municipality of Pandharpur, where he addresed a large gathering of officials, and non-officials on Saturday. He was received with a warm welcome both by the officers and public. Perfect arrangements were made by the Home Guards to whom the Home Minister gave all credit and exhorted them to work for peace and security. A private meeting was also arranged to discuss some urgent matters. Only important and invited guests were allowed to attend the meeting. Pressmen were not allowed to attend.

In the evening there was a public meeting which Shri B. G. Ker addressed.

NEW DELHI, Oct. 12 (U.P.I.): Pandit Mouli Chandra Sharma, Secretary of the Janadhikar Samiti, who was arrested yesterday morning by the Delhi Police under Section 3 of the Public Safety Act was released last evening under orders of the Chief Commissioner of Delhi, as the result of representation made by a deputation of members of the Samiti.

Dacca Residents' Houses Raided

Police Seize Swords And Spearheads

DACCA, Oct. 9 (API): The Dacca police raided simultaneously the houses of a number of prominent residents of the city on October 7 and searched them for unlicensed firearms and ammunition. Among the houses searched were those of Mr. J. C. Das, President of the Dacca Minority Association, Rai Bahadur S. K. Das, ex-Chairman of the Dacca Municipality and a former member of the Indian Council of State, and Mr. H. M. Das and Rai Bahadur K. C. Banerjee, former members of the Bengal Legislative Council.

It is reported that the police seized some swords, spearheads and two licensed guns from some of the houses. Two persons were taken into custody. One of them was released after interrogation.

Information of a police raid on the office of the Pakistan Socialist Party at Mymensingh has also been received. It is reported that the police searched the office on October 8 and took into custody three workers of the party. The residence of a worker of the party was also searched and two persons arrested.

MEERUT HARIJAN CONFERENCE
Delhi (By Mail)

A Harijan conference was held at Modinagar, District Meerut, where Shrimati Rameshwari Nehru, incharge, Harijan Section of Government of India, presided.

Prof. M. L. Yatri, President All-India Harijan League, while addressing the meeting quoted so many instances from Gandhiji's life to serve as beacons to guide the present generation. He, while paying tribute to Mahatmaji he said that Gandhiji was not merely a sympathiser of the Harijan cause, but was as great a prophet for the Harijan community, as Christ and Mohammed were for their own respective communities.

He appealed to the Harijans to deserve the name "Harijan" bestowed upon them by Mahatmaji.

GUN THEFT IN C.O.D. JUBBULPORE

(From Our Correspondent)
JUBBULPORE, (By Mail)

The Central Ordinance Depot, Jubbulpore, was again in the news when it was revealed on Friday last that 20 brand new sten-gun which were kept in a crate inside a strongly guarded shed were missing from there under very mysterious circumstances.

Enquiries made by me reveal that a crate containing 26 sten-guns in cases were kept in the shed in the C.O.D. on Wednesday last. The following morning when the shed was re-opened by a military officer for inspection and stock-checking of the fire-arms, it was noticed that the lock of the crate containing the sten-guns was tampered with, and that there were only six guns left in the crate.

The Central Ordnance Depot, Jubbulpore, is the biggest depot of its type in Asia. It is strongly guarded day and night by armed sentries, and no outsider can enter into it without a permit. It is really very surprising as to how the miscreants could effect their entry into the depot and remove the sten-guns from the shed. The police are vigorously investigating into the matter.

Jagjivan Ram To Visit Assam Plantations

NEW DELHI, Oct 11 (U.P.I.): Hon'ble Mr. Jagjiwan Ram, Labour Minister, Government of India, will be leaving Delhi by air on a tour to Assam to see the labour conditions in tea-gardens and coal-fields, on October 13, and returning on October 22.

The Minister will be attending a Harijan Conference at Bareilly on October 21 on his return journey to Delhi.

Throughout the Assan. tour he will be accompanied by Mr. S. Lal, Secretary to the Ministry of Labour, his Private Secretary and personal staff.

(Continued from Col. 7)

tached to the salaries of those earning less than Rs. 500. They shouted that they be granted their "democratic rights".

The Government of the youngest and most inexperienced independent Republic is beset with all kinds of troubles. It tries its best to be democratic, but certain measures it may obliged to take seem to set off their claims as a democratic Government. "It is a pitiable Government", remarked the press debater U Thein (Zawana), the humorist who could not help becoming serious at least at that moment.

RANGOON NEWS LETTER

BURMESE INSURGENTS ON THE RUN

China's Claim For Border Areas Causes Stir

(From Our Correspondent)

RANGOON, October 2. To-day's front-page headlines are mostly about the Chinese Commission for demarcation of Sino-Burmese border. Even the raging insurrection does not score front-page publicity. The reason is that the Burmese are greatly worried over the Chinese Government's possible claim for certain areas on the Sino-Burmese border, for such a claim if once officially made would surely mean strained relationship between the two countries, and the Burmese are generally averse to such an issue.

A Reuters despatch, dated Shanghai, September 30, says a 14-man commission of the Ministry of Interior of the Chinese Government, headed by Dr. Fu Chueh-Chin will visit Yunnan to make a further survey of the Sino-Burmese border. Dr Fu, talking of certain areas on the border, said, "Much of this land has been part of Chinese territory since the Ming dynasty (1368-1644 A.D.)", and talking about the peoples living in these areas, Dr. Fu said: "It is safe to assume that they still owe their allegiance to the Republic of China".

The Burmese press features this news item in the spirit of protest. Some papers warn the people editorially that the insurrection should be stopped forthwith, in view of the outside danger. Although the Chinese Embassy has denied that any claims have been made by the Chinese Government or land from the Burmese Government, yet the fear of a possible claim has not been eradicated.

Although the possibility is not eliminated, yet the claims for land by the Chinese Government will not be made in the immediate future, and so this question can be taken up later. But the most burning question is the interference of certain British subjects in the domestic affairs of the Burmese Government. Reports have been received here that two British nationals are actually taking part in the insurrection in the Mawchi mines area, the famous silver-ore producing centre in the Karenni State. The entire Burmese press is voicing a protest against this action on the part of the British nationals. It is learned that enquiries as to the veracity of the reports of these two British nationals being actively involved in the rising are being made.

UNREST AMONG KARENS

The increase in the tension over the relationship between the Karens and the Burmese Government has been in a way responsible for the decline in intensity of the insurrection of the "White" PVO members. Earlier this week the President of the 'White' PVO, Bo Po Kun, M.P., former Education Minister, issued a press statement that the Executive Committee of the "White" PVO were taking important steps which might in all probability lead to a settlement between his Party and the Government. This statement has opened the door for the pent-up desire of the local press to see as soon as possible a settlement between the "White" PVO and the Government. "YEBAWE, Come Back" said the editorial of many Burmese papers, who urge the People's Volunteers to return from their state of insurgency and to protect the interest of their country by joining force with the Government in putting down the dissidents among the Karens, who are seeking to overthrow the present Government and disintegrating the unity of the Union of Burma.

Peace move aside, the insurgents seem to be experiencing their worst during this week. Everywhere they had to be fleeing before the Government forces who are taking offensive against various strongholds of the rebels. The Rangoon-Mandalay rail line has been cleared of all the rebel elements, and since yesterday the train runs uninterrupted from Rangoon to Mandalay. This is a very auspicious sign. The through-running of the train on this main line will solve many trade and communication problems, and help strengthen the morale of the people.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST BRITISH NATIONALS

Late in the evening the representative of the Mawchi Mines Ltd., Mr. J. R. Fairley, issued to the press his letter addressed to the Secretary to the Ministry of Karenni State, disclaiming certain press reports that the Mawchi Mines Ltd., was abetting the present unrest in Karenni. This disclaimer might serve as a proof that most British nationals in Burma are not concerning themselves in the affairs, but it will not in any way serve to dispel the belief that some, if only one or two, of the British nationals must have been playing mischief. The Burmese people still remembering Churchill's pungent remarks about Burma's leaders and the Burmese during the discussion of the Burma Independence Bill in the Parliament, cast a suspicious eye on the Conservative Party. Of course, the spokesman of the Party, Mr. Richard Butler, has informed the House of Commons for the information of these concerned that the Party was not aware of any of its members being involved in the matter.

GOVERNMENT CRITICISED

Early this evening at the City Hall was held a debate between "the Government" and "the Press" on the subject: "Is the present Government democratic?" The City Hall, accommodating more than a thousand, was full to overflowing. Admission tickets were sold out two days before the debate. The collections were to go to the building fund of the headquarters of the Burma Journalists' Association. The speakers were U Chan Toon, Attorney-General, U Tun Pe, Minister of Information and U Thant, Deputy Secretary of the Information Department, on the Government side, and U Thein Tin, Chief Editor of the "Oway", U Thein, Burma's leading columnist and humorist, and U On Kin, Managing Editor of the "Bamakhit", on the side of the Press. The three pressmen are better known in Burma by their pseudonyms "Thumana", "Zawana" and "Mogyo" respectively. The Chairman is the venerable old gentlemen (75 years old), Thakin Kodaw Hmine, doyen of Burmese literature, a Burmese pundit, whose disciples include the late "Bogyoke" Aung San, the present Prime Minister, Thakin Nu and the leader of the insurgent Communists, Thakin Than Tun.

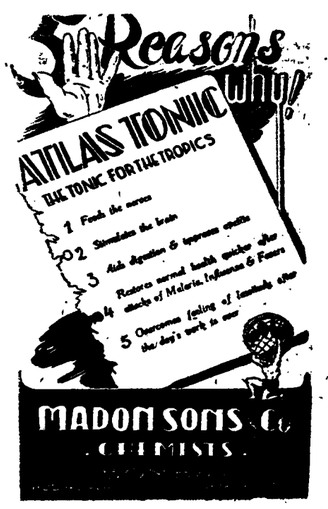
The debate was academic in nature, has no bearing on the situation at present, although it had obviously given the pressmen to give vent to their pentup feelings. The President of the Burma Journalist Association, U Thein Maung, Chief Editor of the "Daily Herald" (Rangoon), in opening the debate said: "This is just to show that this is freedom of speech in the country" The freedom of speech accorded was merely in the debate hall. The original schedule was extremely attractive, in that the present Foreign Minister and erstwhile Home Minister, U Kyaw Nyein, leader of the Socialists was to have moved the resolution. U Kyaw Nyein is famous for his drastic measures taken under section 5 of the Public Order Preservation Act, which enables Government to arrest anyone on mere suspicion without the individual arrested having the right to exercise "habeas corpus". At the eleventh hour U Kyaw Nyein was indisposed, and substituted Minister of Information, U Tun Pe, till recently a leading journalist (Chief Editor of the "Hanthwaddy". This sudden indisposition of U Kyaw Nyein had prompted U Thein Tin ("Thumana") to remark: "U Kyaw Nyein dares not face the masses".

No decision was made on the debate.

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CLERICAL STAFF

Early an hour before the debate, just opposite the City Hall, in the Bandoola Park, clerks of all Government offices in Rangoon held a rally to shout their demand for release of their leaders detained under Section 5 of POPA, and for abandonment of the Government's proposal to cut off the cost of living allowance now at-

(Continued in col. 5)


10 Reasons why
ATLAS TONIC
THE TONIC FOR THE TROPICS
1 Feeds the nerves
2 Stimulates the brain
3 Aids digestion & improves appetite
Restores normal health after attacks of Malaria, Influenza & Fevers
4
5 Overcomes feeling of lassitude after the day's work is over
MADON SONS & Co
CHEMISTS

Closer Integration Of Hyderabad With India Urged

Prakasam Criticises Communist Activities

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Oct. 11 (API): Mr T. Prakasam, former Premier of Madras, who arrived in Hyderabad last evening met the Military Governor of Hyderabad, Maj.-Gen. J. N. Chaudhury, this morning.

Addressing a gathering of workers of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee later Mr Prakasam said that he had acquainted the Military Governor with the conditions prevailing in Nalgonda and Suryapet which he had visited before arriving in Hyderabad. Referring to Communist activities in Nalgonda he stressed the need to save the Hyderabad people from the "Communist menace".

Addressing another gathering of State Congressmen Mr. Prakasam referred to "some rulers" who were inclined to create trouble in view of Hyderabad's attitude and said: "The prospect of success for the Nizam held out hopes of success to some of those States who could rebel against the Indian Union. That prospect has now been shattered.

Mr. A. Kaleswara Rao, M.L.A., Madras, who accompanied Mr. Prakasam, addressing the gathering gave an account of barbarities alleged to have been inflicted by the "peoples courts" in Communist dominated parts of Hyderabad and said that the Communist atrocities increased considerably after the surrender of Nizam to Indian forces.

Swami Ramananda Tirth, President, Hyderabad State Congress, welcoming Mr. Prakasam and Mr. Kaleswara Rao, said that Hyderabad could not be isolated from the All-India structure. Hyderabad had been allowed to have her own way and her people were free to shape their future destiny. What that destiny was going to be and what form its integration with India be were the problems that faced the people of Hyderabad. It was, however, certain that Hyderabad would have to solve her future in accordance with her natural aspirations and what exactly that would be would have to depend upon the situation in the country as a whole.

The people of Hyderabad was already integrated with India but a closer integration was necesary which would come in due course.

Hyderabad Public Relations Officer Arrested

KARACHI, Oct. 12 (API): Mr. Hamidullah Khan, Public Relations Officer in the office of Hyderabad's Agent-General in Karachi, has been arrested under the Public Safety Ordinance for alleged fifth column activities.

NIZAM SUGAR FACTORY STARTS WORK

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Oct. 12 (UPI): A report from Nizamabad says that the Nizam Sugar Factory has started functioning again and the prices are expected to come down.

Hyderabad can be self-sufficient in the matter of sugar supply if full-fledged production is started by this factory.

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Oct. 12 (UPI): Hyderabad's Agent-General in Pakistan, Mr Mustaq Ahmed, is expected in Hyderabad this week, according to advices received here.

Maintain Healthy Traditions Of Unity And Forbearance

Muslim Leaders Appeal For Amity And Goodwill On "Id"

LUCKNOW, Oct. 11 (API)—Twenty-two prominent Muslims, including Hafiz Muhammad Ibrahim Nisar Ahmad Khan Sherwanin, Nawab Ahmad Said Khan of Chattari and Nawab Mohammad Ismail Khan had issued an appeal for amity and goodwill on the occasion of Id-ul-Zuha.

They say: "Id-ul-Zuha is fast approaching. We hope that this festival will be celebrated throughout the country in a peaceful and dignified manner as last year.

We are confident that our countrymen fully realize the value of amity and goodwill. We, therefore, request all our countrymen that, on the one hand, they may do nothing which may be construed as an interference with the religious rights of Muslims, and, on the other, the Muslims should fully realize that cow sacrifice is not essential and that they may as well sacrifice other animals, such as goats, sheep, etc. To insist on cow sacrifice, merely to hurt the feelings of others, cannot be acceptable to God. The Muslims have on many an occasion, given ample proof of unparalleled forbearance and broadmindedness, and we are sure that they will fully maintain these healthy traditions, on the coming "Id".

EGYPT CONSUL'S 'ID' GREETINGS

BOMBAY, Oct. 12 (UPI): In a message on the occasion of the "Bakr-Id" the Consul for Egypt in Bombay has sent greetings to all Muslims throughout India.

The Consulate General will remain open to visitors on the Id day, 14th October, from 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

The offices of the Consulte General will remain closed from Wednesday 13th to Saturday 16th October 1948.

Elephants Change Course Of River!

'Drifting' Siamese Territory Into Burma

BANGKOK (Reuter): About ten thousand square kilometres of Siamese territory is drifting into Burma, because of the caprice of a tribe of wild elephants, changing the course of the frontier river.

By this strange change of frontier, Siam will lose a population of about 1 000 citizens and some revenue from the tobacco crops grown in the 'drifting' territory.

Siam's loss will be Burma's gain.

The story of this change in the frontier was related to Bangkok newspapers by Lieut.-Colonel Sawang, Member of Parliament for the district of Maehongsorn on the Siam-Burma border.

The River Mae Sai is the boundary between Burma and North Siam. In the river, there is a fertile island named Koh Charng—the island that has now drifted to the Burmese side.

At the time of the Siam-Burma frontier demarcation some years ago, Koh Charng was Siamese territory, because it was nearer to the Siam bank of the river than it was to the Burma bank, the international boundary being an imaginary line drawn down the stream equidistant from either bank.

Then came a tribe of Siamese wild elephants who roamed at night along a path parallel to the river bank on the Siamese side. Their heavy feet beat the path into a depression which later became a deep stream and joined the main river.

The Mae Sai started widening at the point of the Island of Koh Charng, which was thus pushed back over the central frontier line towards Burma.

The result of this geographic change, said the Siamese M.P., is that Koh Charng island is now Burmese territory, if Burma would care to claim it.

The Siamese M.P. shook his head sadly and added: "I can't say how upset I am about this strange business. I shall lose several hundred loyal voters, if Koh Charng goes from Siam to Burma."

Journalists Demand Press Advisory Committee

(From Our Correspondent)

GWALIOR, Oct. 12

A general meeting of local journalists' association adopted resolutions demanding from Government immediate formation of Press Advisory Committee and withdrawal of the ban imposed on local newspapers and presses, in connection with the publication of matter regarding labour situation.

MUSSOORIE, Oct. 9 (API): Mr Sri Krishna Sinha, the Bihar Premier, has arrived at Mussoorie for a three-week stay.

Mr. Sinha is not keeping good health.

Cow Slaughter Banned In Benares

BENARES, Oct. 11 (API)—The sacrifice of cows has been banned in Benares district by the District Magistrate from October 12 to 17.

Promulgating the order the District Magistrate stated. "I have received reliable information that certain Muslims in 12 police circles in the district have decided to perform cow sacrifice on the occasion of the forthcoming Baqra-Id and have purchased a large number of cows and calves for this purpose. There is great resentment and tension among Hindus on this account, and the performance of cow sacrifice on this occasion by the Muslims is likely to lead to a serious communal disturbances."

CRUDE BOMBS RECOVERED IN KARACHI

Two Hindus Arrested

KARACHI, Oct. 12 (API): Three crude bombs were seized by the Karachi police during a midnight raid on a Gowshala building in Karachi. A fourth unfinished bomb, packages of explosives and a quantity of thin ropes were also recovered.

Two Hindus have been arrested for alleged possession of the bombs.

Bhavnagar Port Workers' Token Strike

(From Our Correspondent)

BHAVNAGAR, Oct. 12

Bhavnagar Port workers' token strike begins on 15th October. It is definite. On Sunday, a Railway Union meeting was held in which it was decided that in sympathy with Port workers' demands, railway labourers will observe two hours' token strike. As the Labour Minister, Mr. Jagubhai Parikh, is here there were negotiations to postpone the strike, but Port workers are firm and the token strike on 15th is certain to come off, unless their demands are fulfilled.

It would be useful to note that Port workers have full sympathy and faith in Congress authorities.

Danish Students Quit International Union

COPENHAGEN, (Reuter): The Danish Students' Union has decided to abandon co-operating with the International Union of Students owing to the latter's "partiality for the east." it was announced here.

Other Scandinavian countries were expecteed to follow suit, it was stated.

Pak Goodwill Delegation To Indonesia

KARACHI, Oct. 12 (API): The Pakistan Goodwill delegation to Indonesia, headed by Mr. Hatim Alavi, Director of the State Bank of Pakistan, left for Batavia by air at midnight. The other members of the delegation are Lt.-Col. Shajauddin Ahmad, and Dr. Mohammad Sadiq.

Mr. Hatim Alavi in a press interview said: "we are proceeding to Indonesia on a fact finding mission. The country has many attractions for us. It constitutes the most important unit in South-East Asia, which will play a very important role in years to come.

"After Pakistan, Indonesia is the country where the largest number of Muslims live. Pakistan's affinity with Indonesia, therefore, subsists on sure foundations. The spirit of unity between the two peoples already exists We want to embody this spirit with solid trade relations supplemented by cultural contacts".

The mission is expected to return by the end of next month.

GOLD ASSETS OF UNDIVIDED INDIA

Total Rs. 44 Crores And 41 Lakhs On October 2

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Oct 12.

It is authentically learnt that gold assets of undivided India kept in the Reserve Bank totalled Rs. 44 crores and 41 lakhs, calculated at the rate of Rs. 22 per tola (face value) as on 2nd October, but of this the share of Pakistan which amounted to Rs. 1-70 crores (calculated at the rate of Rs. 22 per tola) will be transferred to Pakistan in due course. The first instalment of which was sent by plane to Karachi on 2nd October, as is reliably known from banking circles.

Thus now the Reserve Bank has got a stock of gold worth Rs. 42 crores which amounted to about 220 crores Rupees, according to the current vaule.

Bhavnagar Police Superintendent has shot dead one Koli outlaw near Village Ratanpur in Gaikwad territory his three accomplices are captured in wounded state and they are kept in Bhavnagar hospital.

MARSHALL REFUTES REPORTS OF RESIGNATION

Ramadier's Warning To French And Foreign Journalists

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11 (Reuter)—Mr. George C. Marshall, United States Secretary of State, before leaving here tonight for Paris said that he had discussed with President Truman "what would be a wise policy to follow on the various matters under discussion in Paris."

Mr. Marshall made this statement as he boarded the President's plane for his return journey to Paris and denied again that his recall for conferences had been centred on President Truman's proposal to send Mr. Fred M. Vinson, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, on a mission to Moscow.

Mr. Marshall emphatically refuted reports that he had considered resigning over that incident.

PARIS, Oct. 11 (Reuter)—M. Paul Ramadier French Defence Minister, warned French and Foreign journalists here today that they should publish only officially authorised statements about the activities of Western Union Defence Ministers and Commanders, publication of any other news being liable to punishment by legal process.

"Imagination is the richest of news agencies" M. Ramadier told the journalists at a brief press conference.

He complained of irresponsible statements cabled from capital to capital during the recent meeting of Western Union Defence Ministers. These had returned to Paris in such sensational form that they could not be ignored. He did not give any particular example.

TRIAL OF FASCIST 'HOODED MEN'

The mass trial began here today of 64 men and women, alleged to be members of the pre-war Fascist Cagoulard Organisation (hooded men) on charges relating to murder anarchy and illegal arms trafficking.

Papers making up the prosecutions briefs weigh about three tons and took 11 years to compile. The incident itself consisted of 1,200 pages.

Twenty of the accused were being tried in their absence. The case was expected to last about six weeks, during which more than 400 witnesses will probably be called.

Khurshed Lal Lays Foundation Of Telephone Industries

Factory Expected To Be A National Asset Of Sizable Magnitude

BANGALORE, Oct. 12 (API)—The foundation stone of the new factory for the Indian telephone industries was laid by Mr. Khurshed Lal, Deputy Minister, Communications, at Duravaninagar, near Bangalore this morning. The Minister for Communications, Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai have laid the foundation could not come to Bangalore.

The Chairman of the Board of Management, Indian Telephone Industries, Mr. V. K. R. Menon, Secretary, Communications, welcomed the Deputy Minister on behalf of the Board. Requesting him to lay the foundation stone, Mr. Menon said.

The Indian telephone industries is an important nationalised industry started under the auspices of the Ministry of Communications.

It will when complete, manufacture all forms of telephone equipment which, with the exception of some minor components, were hitherto imported from abroad. When the factory goes into full production, the average annual output is likely to be in the neighbourhood of a little over two crores, or roughly 31 crores during the period of 15 years it will thus be a natonal industry of sizeable magnitude. The need for India being self-contained in the manufacrure of telephone equipment needs no emphasis.

ASSEMBLING OF TELEPHONE INSTRUMENTS

Mr. Menon added: The speed with which we have progressed in the matter has been exceptionally good. It is only about six months ago that definite negotiations were undertaken for concluding an agreement. Within about three months from today we hope to see the first series of telephone instruments assembled in this factory. This of course is only the very first stage. In about three years' time we hope that the factory would have progressed towards the major production of all types of telephone equipment which comprise a formidable list indeed. It is mainly the keen personal interest shown by the Honourable Mr. Kidwai that has made quick progress possible. He was determined that a quick start should be made and saw to it his officers implemented his desire. Secondly, the primary obstacle met with in all these big schemes is the initial one of getting land and buildings for locating a large factory. We are most grateful to the Mysore Government and its officers who have given us all assistance in solving this difficulty and they are also giving further assistance in various other matters connected with the running of the Indian telephone industries.

Continuing Mr. Menon said: The man on the spot mainly responsible for the execution of the scheme is the General Manager, Mr. Natarajan, to whose energy and enthusiasm I must pay tribute.

Mr. Menon expressed his gratitude to the Deputy Minister and his thanks to all those who responded to the invitation and assured all that it would be a source of real encouragement to them in their work.

Finding Solution On Atomic Energy Control

PARIS, Oct. 12 (Reuter): The United Nations Sub-committee charged with finding a compromise solution on control of atomic energy was today due to face its task again after a deadlock threat which caused an abrupt adjournment.

The Eleven-Nation Committee spent all yesterday trying to reach an acceptable resolution on the problem which frustrated the United Nations Atomic Energy Commission after thirty month's work.

Finally Sir Benegal Narsinga Rau (India), Chairman of the Committee, announced that he would adjourn discussion until today to decide the order in which various resolutions should be put.

General A. G. L. McNaughton (Canada) and Mr. Frederick Osborn (United States) demurred, and M. Yakov Malik (Soviet Russia) were in favour of going on for another hour, but the Chairman firmly ruled for an adjournment to think things over.

Mr. Malik said he could not accept India's latest motion — calling on the Commission to resume work and prepare a draft treaty or convention—because of the unyielding attitude of Britain and the United States in refusing simultaneous conventions on control of atomic energy and prohibition of atomic weapons.

After M. Malik had complained that Britain and the U. S. were "stubbornly maintaining" their old positions, Mr. Richard Miles (United Kingdom) said that if the Commission began work again and continued in defiance of the Soviet viewpoint they would be making ultimate rapprochement more and more difficult.

Mr. Osborn stated that, while they could satisfy public opinion very easily by telling the Commission to go back to work, the United States preferred to take a long view.

The areas of disagreement between the United States and the Soviet Union would be widened rather than reduced, he said, by starting the Commission working again at the present stage.

Indo-Ceylon Coconut Trade Talks Fail

COLOMBO, Oct. 12 (Reuter): Exploratory talks between the representatives of India and Ceylon on the supply of 20,000 tons of copra and coconut oil by Ceylon to India are stated to have failed.

The terms offered by Ceylon are understood to be the same as those offered to the United Kingdom and Pakistan, but the Ceylon Government is insisting on five years contract up to the end of 1953, while the India Government refuse to enter into a longer commitment than the United Kingdom.

It is learnt that the result of the talks will be referred to the respective Governments, but it is thought unlikely that the Government of India will agree to commit themselves to a longer term than the U.K. or Pakistan. It is stated by the spokesman of the Indian delegation that India's needs represented only ten per cent of her local production and India would prefer to turn to Malaya or Philippines if Ceylon refused to treat her on the same basis as other countries.

INDO-U. S. TRADE OUTLOOK

NEW DELHI, Oct. 12, (API): "Over the past years India has generally enjoyed a favourable balance of trade with the United States but not during 1947 due primarily to India's need for large quantities of food grains", said Mr. Joe D. Walstrom, Commercial Attache to the American Embassy here, in a statement.

Indicating the future trend of trade between the two countries, Mr. Walstrom anticipated that shipments of merchandise either way would continue at the present level, which was considerably higher than that in the pre-war years.

U. S. WOMEN TO COMBAT RUSSIAN PROPAGANDA

NEW YORK, (Reuter-:- American women will tell Europeans by radio that they are not "alcholics" and "amazons", as they say Russian propaganda pictures represent them. "This verbal counter offensive" will start in November, in the form of 15-minute shortwave broadcasts once a week.

The call to arms was made recently at the 1948-49 presidents' council meeting of the New York City Federation of Women's Club.

Mrs. Mark Dunell, radio Chairman of the federation said: slander abroad on American women, showing them as alcholics, amazons who rule their men with an iron hand, refuse to have children and if they do have them, neglect them".

"MYSTERY" CAPTAIN OF SOVIET SHIP

SINGAPORE: (Reuter): A Russian training ship, the "Sekstan", the first of its kind since the war, recently put in at Singapore.

Mystery shrouds the identity of the vessel's captain, who refused to divulge his name or be photographed.

The "Sekstan", a 380-ton three-masted Russian vessel, has a crew of 31, mostly marine cadets.

The vessel is on a training cruise from Leningrad to Vladivostok. It took two and a half months to travel from Leningrad to Singapore. The vessel called at Norwegian ports, stayed two weeks at Plymouth, then went on to Gibraltar, Port Said, Aden and Colombo before coming here for provisions.

When it reaches Vladivostok the boat is to be used "as a school for training fishermen".

IMPROVEMENT IN U. S.-SPANISH RELATIONS

BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 11 (UPA)—Spanish Foreign Minister Alberto Martin Artajo predicted today that United States-Spanish relations would improve as a result of "Oriental influences" in America.

Artajo told a press conference at the Spanish Embassy that his country is entitled both politically and geographically to a place in the West European anti-Communist bloc but added he thought "fear of war with Russia is overrated."

The Spanish leader said the present friction between Spain and England—over alleged plans of non-Communis Spanish exiles to units against Generalissimo Francisco Franco—proves that "we are more liberal than they—we don't meddle in their internal affairs."

Artajo arrived Sunday to begin an eight-day state visit "returning the call to Spain paid last year by Eva Durte Peron, wife of Argentina's President.

ANCIENT MEN'S SETTLEMENTS

MOSCOW, (Reuter): Fifteen settlements of Ancient Men have been discovered by a Soviet archaeological expedition from Leningrad which investigated the northern coast of the Koula peninsula.

Ickes Supports Truman's Candidature

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11. (Reuter): Mr. Harold Ickes, former Secretary of the Interior and long time member of the Roosevelt administration, who resigned angrily from the Truman cabinet over two years ago to-day announced his formal support for President Truman in next month's presidential contest.

Insisting that he was not withdrawing any criticism he had formerly made of Mr. Truman, he nevertheless praised him as being "straight forward and sincere, if at times more unpredictable than I would wish".

In characteristic language he dubbed the Republican candidate "Thomas E. (for elusive) Dewey" and declared that he had failed to commit himself on any of the major domestic issues confronting the nation.

New York Cotton Very Steady On Limited Hedges

Irregular Trend In Wall Street Market

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.

COTTON: Small opening gains were modestly extended on trade buying Export possibilities, loan influences and heavy week-end rains in the belt which are expected to further curtail the already meagre volume of hedges were the chief supporting influences. Continued evenings up operations in spot October with a leading spot firm selling 2,000 bales of each 2 point advance the chief trading feature. Prices held steady throughout late dealing featured by trade covering in spot October and light pre-holiday covering with nedges limited. Otherwise no fresh developments occurred and the session closed very steady. Sales are estimated at 130,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct. 11.

October	31.70+10
December	31.22+03
March	31.12+06
May	30.75+04
Middling spot	32.04—02

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Oct. 11.

October	31.65+12
December	31.16—02
March	31.06+04
May	30.75—01
Middling spot	30.95

STOCKS: Drifted idly, trading restricted by the continuing foreign uncertainties and the Columbus' Day holiday tomorrow. Changes were mainly fractional with the market on balance a shade lower. Rails were inclined to ignore the report that the interstate commerce commission will be asked for an additional five per cent freight rate increase—bringing the total relief sought to 13 per cent. There was some light profit-taking in oils with the major refiners still successful in holding the crude oil price line in the south-west. The averages were industrials 182.00 and rails 59.67. Light support for selected industrials and utilities developed in late dealings but elsewhere trading was slow and at the end of the fourth hour the composite average rate was unchanged, Standard Oil Co., of New Jersey responded with only half a point advance to 78-3/4 to the news that the company repeated June dividend action. Steels continued mostly lower despite further estimated one point gains in ingot operations this week to 98.5 per cent of capacity—the highest since mid-May, 1944. The market closed irregular.

N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, Oct. 11

American Telephone and Telegraph,	151-7/8
Amerex Holding Co.,	24
Anaconda Copper Mining	36-1/4
Chase National bank,	35
Sinclair Oil,	25-3/4
Firestone Tyre & Rubber com	49
General Electric Co.,	40
General Motors,	62-3/8
Ingersal rand,	67-1/2
International nickel	31-1/8
National City Bank of New York	38-1/2
New York central rail road co.	16-1/4
Socony Vaccum Corporation	18-7/8
Texas Corporation	57-3/8
Union Carbide Newstock	40-1/4
U.S. Smelting refining Mining co	44-1/2
U.S. Steel corporation common	80-1/2
Western Union telegraph	19-

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Oct. 11, (Reuter): With the current period of trading due to end tomorrow, Tuesday, trading in London stockexchange was small today. British fund opened firm and held gain of onesixteenth despite bouts profit taking.

Major price changes in industrial markets were few and were confined to irons and steels.

These were helped by September steel out figures showing annual rate of nearly fifteen and a half million tons. Leading issues were in good demand and recorded advances of one to two shillings. Brewery shares were dull. Owing to a decrease in public spending power, beer consumption in Great Britain is showing signs of alling off and shares were sold today.

Movements in the oil market were small. The tone was slightly easier although ape. Trinidad were strong at four five and nine, buying found market rather short of shares.

South African mining shares were generally easier. An early demand for new pioneer group resulted in a sharp upward movement but gains were lost when market became idle.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 11

Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£79 1/4
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	105 7/8
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 and after	104 1/4
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960-90	113 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg.	114 1/2
National Bank of India	33 1/2

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 7.664.

LONDON WHEAT

London, Oct. 11

London Australian wheat bulk unoffered.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct. 11

T T London on:—	
New York selling	4 0275
Montreal selling	4.0275
Zurich selling	17.34
Stockholm selling	14.47 to 14.36
New York buying	4.0325
Montreal buying	4.0325
Zurich buying	17.36

CHICAGO GRAINS

Chicago, Oct. 11.

December	2.25 1/4
May	2.18 7/8
July	2.03 1/2

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK Oct. 11

U.S. price of foreign silver	77-1/2

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES

NEW YORK, Oct. 11. —Black pepper was inactive and nominally unchanged to 100 points lower in the New York Produce Exchange to-day.

Columbus Day holiday on Tuesday helped to restrain any new interest in the spot market.

In the absence of buyer interest, a few sellers were inclined to shade prices offering small lots around 95 cents exdock or ex warehouse.

Odd lot sales occurred in white pepper at 91 cents per pound ex dock or warehouse or two cents below Friday's basis.

In the spot market, black pepper was quoted at 95 cents asked and white muntok at 91 cents.

Closing prices on the Produce Exchange included:

October 91; December 89; January 76; March 63; May 58; July 58; September 57.

Other seed prices included:

Castorseeds dol 110 nom per long ton fob Brazillian ports;

Cottonseeds dol 70-75 nom per ton basis Memphis depending on quality;

Linseed dol 6.10 nom per bushel, Minneapolis;

Linseed oil 28.6 cents per pound in tank cars;

Groundnuts 18.50-.75 cents per pound;

Groundnut oil 23 1/2 cents per pound bid.

MARKETS CLOSED

BOMBAY, October 12. All the local markets remained closed to-day on account of Dashara holiday.

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO GAINS: Fluctuated irregularly with the early steadiness of wheat attributed to mill buying in anticipation of additional export flour sales but subsequently encountered increased hedges and profit-takings. The sluggishness of maize reflected the weakness of the cash market and less active demand from Commercial interests.

LONDON PEPPER PRICES

LONDON, Oct. 11 (UPA): The pepper market received advices from Singapore to the effect that no further stocks of black pepper are available. Consequently, there were no quotations.

White pepper was easier and was quoted at 3/10-1/2.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Oct. 11

Silver spot	47 d.
Silver Forward	47 d.

Silver Gold bars fine per oz £ 8/12/3

Canadian markets including Winnipeg grain and Montreal stock exchanges are closed today for the celebration of Thanksgiving day.

All the principal American markets will be closed tomorrow, Tuesday, for the celebration of Columbus day. Argentina markets will be closed tomorrow.

WORTH STREET COTTON TRADING NEAR HALTING POINT

NEW YORK, Oct. 11 (UPA): Cotton trading on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market was near a halting point today. Bag manufacturers were price-checking in Osnaburgs and sheetings, but trading was quiet.

Primary market merchants feel that cotton goods prices were at a bottom.

The 39 inch 80-80 four-yard print compares with a new post-war high of 39 cents. Some buyers argue that further levelling off may be seen to 19.674 cents per yard.

BRITAIN USES LESS TEA

LONDON, Oct. 12 (Reuter): Britain's consumption of tea, the national beverage, was lower this year than last although tea imports rose, the International Tea Committee reported today.

The Committee's monthly statistical summary showed than 36,512,000 lbs. of tea were consumed in the United Kingdom last July, compared with 42,112,000 lbs. in the same month last year. The figure for the first seven months of this year was 230,138,000 lbs, against 278,298,0000 lbs in the same period of 1947.

Imports during the first eight months of the year totalled 236,750.000 against 176,870.00 lbs from January to August last year. India and Pakistan supplied 157,896,000 lbs of this year's total, and Ceylon supplied 73,264,000 lbs.

Last August's imports were 35,486,000 lbs compared with 28,102,000 lbs in the same month of 1947.

U.S. BUYS 3,000,000 TONS OF IRON ORE FROM SWEDEN

NEW YORK, (Nana)—Swedish Lapland is exporting record quantities of iron ore, with the Soviet Union and the United States among the chief buyers, according to a dispatch from the Arctic port of Narvik to "Aftonbladet" of Stockholm. Each day an average of 20 loaded ships are leaving Narvik alone, says a De Montmorency.

American purchases of the rich ore, containing 60 to 68 per cent iron, currently are running at the yearly rate of 3,000,000 tons. Large amounts also are going to Great Britain and Western Europe where many foundries are specially designed to process a high-content mineral. Without this supply to combine with their own low-content ores, varying from up to 30 per cent in Britain and to 25 per cent in France, these foundries would have to look elsewhere in the world's meagre supply of rich ore to continue operating.

Besides the Soviet Union, importers behind the iron curtain include Czechoslovakia, Poland and Eastern Germany, all of whom are buying the Swedish ore at a record pace.

Digitized by Maharashtra State Archives
Government of Maharashtra
on 21 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1665

Dock Workers Present Solidarity

MILE-LONG PROCESSION PARADES MAIN THOROUGHFARES

Strike Not Officially Declared: Chance Of Conciliation Yet!

CITY DOCK WORKERS WHOSE TODAY. WERE MORE IN A HOLID OF COMBAT. COMBINING THE P THE DASSERA FESTIVITIES. THEY CESSION, WHICH STARTED FROM THROUGH THE MAIN THOROUGH CESSION, WHICH COMPRISED MUL TAS, BURLY BEARDED PATHANS, FROM THE SOUTH, FORMED AN STRATING THE SOLIDARITY OF T

The processionists marched to the accompaniment of an assortment of western and oriental musical instruments. They carried with them several placards in English, Marathi and Hindi, bearing slogans pertaining to the strike. Invariably the slogans read, "Dock Workers Union Zindabad" The workers sang familiar Marathi 'powadas' which were interspersed by vociferous cries of 'dock workers strike zindabad' as they marched along

In the dock area itself there was little evidence of the strike Its efficacy could hardly be gauged today as it was a public holiday and all work was suspended on account of Dassera. At the dock gates red flags had been hoisted, and small batches of workers were gathered at the entrances. There was no picketing, nor any shouting of slogans, nor any demonstrations at the docks, as a spokesman said there was no need for these today. The docks were singularly quiet, and deserted, but for the presence of these few workers and armed police squads, who

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

STRIKE COMMENCED AT 8 A.M. DAY MOOD THAN IN THE MOOD URPOSE OF THEIR STRIKE WITH TOOK OUT A MILE LONG PRO- THE DOCK AREA AND PARADED FARES OF THE CITY. THE PRO- TI-HUED TURBANED MAHARAT- AND LANKY SOMBRE KAMATHIS ASSORTED GATHERING, DEMON- HE STRIKERS.

kept a constant vigil at strategic centres

Trade Union circles feel that the workers are fortunate inasmuch as the strike cannot be assumed officially to have commenced to-day However, should the workers fail to resume work to-morrow morning, it will be accepted as a beginning of the strike Therefore, the workers are still in a position to accept conciliation, especially as the Conciliation Board has not commenced its sitting. But should they fail to start work by the time the Conciliation Board meets, the strike will be illegal.

Labour circles believe that with the announced composition of the Board the workers would be well-advised to accept the offer of conciliation, as most of the personnel are labour leaders, who are likely to view the dispute from the workers' angle.

The Chairman of the Conciliation Board, Mr. Jaleshwar Prasad, has not as yet arrived in Bombay, but is expected to be here by the week end, and the Conciliation Board will commence its sitting on his arrival.

In the meantime the Bombay Port Trust has started a canteen for workers where meals will be served.

Mr N. S. Phadke, a member of one of the two the Conciliation Boards, in an interview said that he did not know when the Boards would start functioning "My anxiety is that the Boards should finish their work within a short time", he stated and added, "In a similar but bigger their dock workers strike in England recently a settlement was reached through conciliation, in four days."

Russia Offers To Reveal Armaments

(Continued from Page 1)

that different systems of Government could not live side by side in peace, Mr. Austin added. The United Nations should dispel the mistaken beliefs of Soviet leaders and restore equilibrium to international society.

HE SAID THE UNITED STATES, WHICH DISARMED "TOO FAR AND TOO FAST" AFTER THE WAR, REALISED THE NEED FOR EQUILIBRIUM AND WAS NOW CONSIDERING STEPS TO BRING HER ARMED FORCES TO THE MINIMUM SECURITY LEVEL.

"The maintenance of international peace and security depends upon the strength and resolution of those States who, in the final analysis, are prepared to act in support of the world community against aggression the security of many nations seated at this table depends upon this fundamental fact."

PLEA FOR CO-OPERATION

The American delegate called on Russia to "work with us to reduce world tension and to dispel the dread and suspicion which are filling the lives of so many peoples and making our efforts for world organisation so difficult.

Mr. Austin continued: The hope was stimulated during the war that "the relentless doctrines of Marx and Lenin, doctrines of hatred between classes and also of inevitable strife, had made way for more enlightened concept of relations between men and states."

Russian "domination" of Rumania, Poland, Hungary, Albania, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia and Yugoslavia, had however gradually brought the realisation "that indeed nothing was changed."

"The states of Western Europe have also been the victims of this new form of aggression. The Cominform was formed so as better to correlate the work of destruction to be accomplished."

SOVIET "FLOURISHES ATOM BOMB"

MR. AUSTIN ADDED THAT SOVIET DELEGATE, ANDREI VYSHINSKY HAD HOUR AFTER HOUR FLOURISHED THE ATOM BOMB IN THE FACE OF "DISMAYED AND ALREADY OVERWROUGHT MANKIND".

"IS IT NOT STRANGE THAT IN HIS PLAN OF PEACE HE HAS ALWAYS PLACED THE ACCENT ON ATOMIC WARFARE?

Mr. Austin gave as his explanation that "aggressive warfare in the Soviet Socialist officialdom has not yet fallen into disrepute.

"For the time only atomic warfare is to be dreaded and avoided at all costs. Indeed, war itself is still a recognised means of achieving a Communist world society."

VYSHINSKY RESPONDS

Russia's Andrei Vyshinsky responded dramatically to America's call for a declaration that co-operation between Communist and capitalist countries was possible — without war.

Russia, he told the United Nations Political Committee, "yearns for co-operation", and he declared "it is possible— it is possible, I repeat, to have co-operation between countries of different ideologies, of different social structures, if there is real desire for understanding."

The Soviet Union was prepared to accept any and all measures to ensure that her proposal for a one-third reduction of Big Five armaments was carried out "without any fooling." But Russia did not want co-operation "under the shadow of a super weapon," he said. "You ought to know there is a reply to every weapon".

In a room crowded to capacity and in a tense atmosphere, M. Vyshinsky began quietly reading from a prepared text. He said he was tempted to reply at once to the poison, insinuations and slander of Mr. Austin's speech, but he regretted that he would have first to take up the time of the Political Committee by replying in chronological order to the large number of other speakers who had attacked the Soviet proposal.

TWO CAMPS ON DISARMAMENT

He said that there were two camps in this question of disarmament:

(1) Those who consistently favour taking decisions which would constitute a first step towards effective disarmament and removal of the threat of a new war, and

(2) Whose consistent policy is characterised by attempts to postpone and wreck at any cost measures which would oblige them to reduce their armaments.

REPLY TO SHAWCROSS

The British contention, by Sir Hartley Shawcross, that the Russian "olive branch" was to be mistrusted was "ludicrous" and showed a lack of desire to deal in a practical manner with the Soviet proposal, M. Vyshinsky declared.

The British and French delegates, he said, had tried to tie up the Soviet proposal with the question of the atomic bomb. "We cannot agree to consider the question in this light. The General Assembly, of which this is a Committee, must consider the Soviet proposal apart from the question of the atomic bomb".

Nothing that complete deadlock had been reached in the two Commissions concerned with the problem (control of atomic energy and conventional armaments), M. Vyshinsky said:— "you say we are guilty of causing this deadlock. "we say you are." He added analysing Soviet proposal, "we note in our resolution that no results have been achieved in 30 months' work. "Is this provocation, as Sir Hartley Shawcross claimed? We say that there are reactionary elements in the world who are conducting war propaganda. Is not this a fact? Is it not a fact there are provokers of war who are trying to achieve world mastery by kindling a new war? "Is it provocation to say so? Do we blame anyone in particular, do we blame the United States in our resolution?"

REFERENCE TO HITLER

Developing his argument that ideologies or social systems did not necessarily preclude co-operation, M. Vyshinsky said "Hitler had a capitalist ideology. You had a capitalist ideology. But you were unable to reach agreement with him." His voice rising to a pitch of passion, M. Vyshinsky declared: "You tried, of course, we all know you tried to have a secret agreement with him while you were still talking with us. You tried to induce Hitler to attack us, while you were talking to us. We know the facts, we can put our cards on the table.

"In fact, we have already put them on the table by publishing these facts, after the ridiculous step of the state department in publishing its White Book on the negotiations of 1939."

M. Vyshinsky continued: "I'll accept any of your challenges, and, with documents in my hand, I will bring you to the pillar of infamy."

Addressing himself to the British and United States delegates M. Vyshinsky said "you have enormous fleets, Even after a one-third reduction you will still have combined fleets many times greater than those of the rest of the world put together.

"You have the atom bomb—that little bomb—and that is not just a pound of raisins. You hope the others don't have it—at least that is, your dear hope.

"WE REFUSE TO BE DICTATED"

"The Soviet State and the Soviet people cannot bow to dictation of any kind under any circumstances whatever.

"But we want to work with you at the job of constructing a control system in which all are on an equal basis, where there is no attempt to interfere with people who cannot resist."

INDIAN NEWSPAPER QUOTED

M. Vyshinsky went on to quote at length an article from the Indian newspaper "National Herald." The article said, according to M. Vyshinsky, that in 1945 the United States lost its best customer—war.

It added that the present newspaper campaign of warmongering was inspired by the big firms interested in war profits.

Citing wartime business figures of General Motors, the article M. Vyshinsky said, alleged that this firm naturally preferred war to peace.

The article concluded that the United States and Britain were now the scene of a mad warmongering race.

"Our proposal amounts to throwing a spanner in the manoeuvres of the warmongers, "M. Vyshinsky said, those circles in which war profits are considered a good thing naturally cannot be bothered with the Soviet proposal".

"You propose a series of stages, first a census of armed forces and then adoption of measures leading to disarmament. But if you adopt this system of stages, it means dragging out indefinitely a solution of the problem. We propose to you to adopt a decision here and now. Once you've adopted the decision, then we can work out measures to implement it. Let's vote now on a decision,' M. Vyshinsky declared passionately.

SOVIET ARMED FORCES

M. Vyshinsky added that Mr. McNeil had said that no one knew anything about the Soviet armed forces.

"You want a census?" he asked. You want figures? We can give you figures. We can tell you what the Soviet budget is. There's nothing mysterious about it."

He said that in 1940, expenditure on the armed forces amounted to 32.5 per cent of the total Soviet budget. In 1944, in the middle of the war, the armed forces accounted for 52 per cent of the budget. In 1946, the first post-war year, the percentage was 23.9 per cent; in 1947 it was 18.4 per cent; in 1948 it was 17.5 per cent.

Pointing to the decline in these proportions, M. Vyshinsky exclaimed: "Do you know the facts and figures of the destruction caused by the Hitlerite hordes? Have you any idea what that means for us?"

He cited the tremendous Russian need for homes, factories, railways, hospitals, livestock, without which Russia "cannot breathe, cannot move forward, cannot progress.

"We need means and resources, and there is no other source for these means than military expenditure. To pay for these things, we must reduce our military expenditure. That is our only source. "If we direct our resources to peaceful work, then our military expenditure must go down— and it has been going down".

COMPARISON WITH U. S. BUDGET

M. Vyshinsky said that the United States budget statement for 1948-49 showed that 79 per cent of all expenditure directly reflected the last war or measures anticipating another possible war.

In Britain 25 per cent of the budget was devoted to the services. "In the USSR 17.5 per cent of the total budget was devoted to military expenditure," he said. "Gentlemen, these facts are more eloquent than words.

Winding up his two hours speech, M. Vyshinsky said: "We do envisage the establishment of an international control organisation to supervise the prohibition of the atom bomb, the control of atomic energy and the implementation of our disarmament proposals. A General assembly decision in favour of this will be a powerful decision for the strengthening of peace and confidence which will ring throughout the world as a most noble declaration, bringing good news to all men."

The Committee adjourned immediately after M. Vyshinsky's speech, in order to give delegates time to study the six proposals already put forward. Mr. Alexandre Parodi, France, obtained from the Chairman an assurance that new proposals could still be put forward when the Committee resumes the general debate tomorrow.

NO BARGAINING ON LIFTING OF BLOCKADE

Western Powers Stand By Earlier Claim

PARIS, Oct. 12 (Reuter): Representatives of the three Western powers, who met in Paris last night, have made it clear to Russia that they are not prepared to bargain on the lifting of the Berlin blockade, it was authoritatively stated here.

No change whatever has ocurred in the position of the three powers since this was outlined last week in the Security Council, it was added.

There is no weakening in their claim that the blockade of Berlin is a threat to peace and that this must be lifted before there can be any talks of further negotiations.

The three Western parties to the dispute also maintain their view that the Security Council has no authority to summon the Council of Foreign Ministers.

"The Security Council has no authority to order the Council of Foreign Ministers to meet on any specified date" a French Delegation spokesman said.

This ends hopes in certain "neutral" quarters that Russia and the West might be tempted to declare that the lifting of the blockade could be simultaneous with the calling of the Council of Foreign Ministers.

Any hopes that Dr. Juan Bramuglia, President of the Council, may have entertained that he might act as Mediator between the Eastern and Western delegations were also blasted.

SOVIET WON'T QUIT U.N., SAYS 'PRAVDA'

MOSCOW, Oct. 12, (UPI): Accusing Anglo-American Block of organising "a wide conspiracy against the United Nations", "Pravda", a official organ of the U.S.S.R., dismissed the idea of Soviet withdrawal from the organisation as "absurd rumours born of fancy" and "rumours inspired under a plan outlined by Mr. Bevin in the General Assembly."

Mr. Bevin's scheme, said "Pravda", was not to reorganise but to liquidate the United Nations Organization and replace it with a "super-block of united military alliances directed against Soviet Union and lands of new democracy".

Only Way To Indo-Pakistan Amity

(Continued from Page 1)

held up. No one at this juncture could say that conditions in India were normal.

Sardar Patel said that he was in favour of equitable distribution of wealth of the country. Labour demanded a share of profits. It was entitled to it. But before sharing wealth it must help to produce it. Both capital and labour should be harnessed to make the country strong.

NEED FOR INDUSTRIALISATION

"Under the conditions obtaining in the country today," Sardar Patel said "there is all the need for a strong Central Government. Our objective must be to produce everything we need. Our objective must be to 'produce everything our army requires. India must be industrialised and this must be on a big scale. If the world were to take to the ideals of Gandhiji then Charkha will solve the problem. But this was not so. This was an imperfect world. India must adjust herself to the rest of the world. She must industrialise herself and produce more.

NATIONALISATION OF INDUSTRIES

At a critical time as the present, Sardar Patel continued, there were demands for nationalisation of industries. The capitalists were apprehensive. When India was a slave nation the capitalists managed to build up big industries. But in a free India it appeared they were not able to build up more industries and they were 'shy.' They were suspicious and they were suspected. Mutual confidence must be restored and every demand must be sub-ordinated to the greater good of the country. More wealth must be produced and that should be the only criterion. Mutual recriminations must be eliminated. Provincial and linguistic jealousies and demands must be sub-ordinated to India as a whole. The unity of the country which they had achieved must be stabilised, strengthened and made to grow. Otherwise they would not be able to make any progress.

Sardar Patel emphasised that today everyone had an opportunity to work, to work hard, to make India strong and great. They must be strong, united and produce everything she needed instead of looking abroad. Their allegiance should be to India as a whole for whose freedom they had laboured.

Mr. N. V. Gadgil, welcoming Sardar Patel and the guests said that it was customary to worship weapons on "Vijay - Dashmi" day But this year that had particular satisfaction in view of the recent developments and the presence of Sardar Patel in their midst. Sardar Patel was a unique General who could be rightly described as the architect of the Union of India.

ATOMIC COMMISSION TO RESUME WORK

India's Lead At U. N. Meeting

PARIS, Oct. 12 (Reuter): India tonight claimed a large share in leading the United Nations Atomic Sub-Committee to agree that the suspended Atomic Energy Commission should resume work.

Sir B. N. Rau, Indian Chairman of the Sub-Committee, said that the adoption of a revised Canadian resolution incorporating this point was largely due to his country's intervention in the week-old deadlock between the big five powers.

Sir B. N. Rau, Chairman of the Sub-Committee, said after tonight's meeting: "India has tried to play the part of peacemaker."

SPANISH SOCIALISTS-MONARCHISTS PACT

British Foreign Office Disclaims Participation

MADRID, Oct. 12, (API): Britain has told Spain that the Government "disclaims participation in the matter of the alleged pact between Spanish Socialists and Monarchists" disclosed recently by a Foreign Office spokesman, an official note announced here late last night.

The disclaimer, the note said, was given to the Charge d'Affaires in London by the Permanent Secretary at the Foreign Office.

The Permanent Secretary, it was stated, added: "The British Government disapproved of the publicity given to such information and they regretted the incident which they attributed to a journalistic error arising from certain propaganda inspired in Paris".

Indonesian Communist Leader Captured

BATAVIA, Oct. 12, (Reuter): The Moscow-trained Indonesian Veteran Cammunist, Alimin, has fallen into the hands of Indonesian Republicans, the Republican news agency Antara reported to-day.

Alimin and three other important Communists were captured by the Republican army engaged in operations against Java Communist rebels at an undisclosed place yesterday, Antara added.

The Chinese news paper "Sin Po" reported here today that Muso, leader of the Communist counter-revolution against the Indonesian Republicans, Dr. Amir Sjarifuddin and Mr. Suiordo Seteadjit, leaders of the Indonesian insurrection at Madiun. Central Java, had escaped from Java to the Siamese capital, Bangkok.

Problem Of 400,000 Palestinian Arabs Critical

PARIS, Oct. 11, (UPA): Dr. Ralph Bunche, United Nations Mediator in Palestine, said today that the problem of almost 400,000 Palestinian Arab refugees was "increasingly critical". Bunche added that the "response the world has given to appeals for goods and supplies for the refugees has not been adequate".

He said they "need urgently" 300,000 blankets, food, clothing, sleeping mats and tents. He told a news conference that the number of refugees, considering the size of the war and the country, was "shocking".

Bunche said he was fully in accord with the Bernadotte report, but added that it was never meant to be a rigid statute or draft resolution. He sidestepped further discussion of the report.

Bunche, who will report directly to the United Nations, said he had talked Saturday with Moshe Shertok, Israeli Foreign Minister, and will meet Arab leaders.

BANGKOK, Oct. 12, (Reuter) Newspapers have today said Luang Arthakitti Kamchorn, former Foreign Minister arrested in connection with Siam's unsuccessful "Week End" revolt a fortnight ago, had escaped to Indo-China accompanied by other leaders of the plot

Official sources would not comment.

ARTICLE ON HUMAN RIGHTS PASSED

Russia Criticises Laws In S. Africa

PARIS, Oct. 12, (Reuter): A brief bout of word play in the United Nations Social Committee between South Africa and the Soviet Union today ended with a pronouncement by the Chairman, Dr. Charles Malik, Lebanon, that he considered the use of insulting language "deplorable in the extreme".

The Soviet delegate, Prof. Alexei Pavlov, speaking on the draft of the international declaration of human rights, said that there were 70 laws in South Africa which discriminated against the coloured population, some of which would be punished in the Soviet Union as criminal.

The South Africa delegate protested at Prof. Pavlov's wording and asked the Chair whether such words as "dirty" and "shameful" were permitted in debate. Dr. Malik said that although he personally regretted such language there was no rule of procedure which definitely forbade the words.

The Committee finally voted the first article of the declaration by 26 votes to none with eight abstentions, reading as follows:

"All human beings are born free and equal in dignity and rights. They are endowed with reason and conscience, and should act towards one another in a spirit of brotherhood".

INTER CLASS TO REPLACE FIRST CLASS

MADRAS, Oct. 12 (API): The South Indian Railway authorities have decided to introduce gradually Inter Class accommodation in all sections and abolish the First Class coaches in several sections.

From October 5 First Class accommodation will be abolished and Inter Class introduced on the Madras-Villupuram section and certain branch lines of the railway in the Trichinopoly area.

Stop Press

CHAUDHURI TO TOUR DISTRICTS

HYDERABAD, (Dn) Oct. 12 (API): Major-General J. N. Chaudhuri, Military Governor of Hyderabad, is leaving on a tour of the districts on October 14.

It is understood that local press representatives will accompany the Military Governor to see for themselves the conditions prevailing outside the capital city, which are rapidly returning to normal.

EMILE BOLLAERT MEETS BAO DAI

PARIS, Oct. 12, (Reuter): M. Emile Bollaert, retiring French High Commissioner for Indo-China, who arrived in Paris yesterday, had a long and cordial talk on the situation in Indo-China with ex-Emperor Bao Dai of Annam, it was disclosed today.

SOVIET AIRCRAFT "BLIND FLYING" OVER BERLIN

BERLIN, Oct. 12 (U.P.A.): Soviet authorities today posted warnings with the Air Safety Center that Soviet military aircraft will engage in "blind flying" over the Berlin control zone.

2000 INDIANS WELCOME NEHRU

LONDON, Oct. 12 (Reuter): Nearly 2,000 Indians and their friends gathered in London's Kingsway Hall tonight to give Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru a tumultuous welcome on his first appearance on a public platform in Britain as India's Prime Minister.

EGYPT RECOGNISES ALL-PALESTINE ARAB GOVT.

CAIRO, Oct. 12 (Reuter): The Egyptian Government tonight officially recognised the All-Palestine Arab Government.

ITALIAN DEPUTIES FIGHT PITCHED BATTLE

ROME, Oct. 12, (Reuter): The session of the Italian Chamber of Deputies was suspended this afternoon when Communist and Neo Fascist Deputies of the Italian social movement fought a pitched battle on the floor of the Chamber.

French Strike Situation

Nothing Settled Yet

PARIS, Oct. 12 (Reuter)—Half a million miners and others workers on strike in France today eagerly awaited the outcome of talks which might decide to what extent men employed on the nationalised railways would join their ranks.

Negotiations were to take place today between railway management representatives and Union leaders. This followed discussions started last night by M. Christian Pineau Socialist Minister of Transport, and the railwaymen's spokesmen.

Though concessions offered by the Minister were described as insufficient, the Secretary-General of the National Railwaymen's Union, M. Raymond, said: "There is no question of a general strike of railwaymen for the moment."

He announced that the Minister had agreed to increase the railwaymen's end of year bonus by three thousand francs.

But already more railwaymen, particularly in the Cherbourg area, had walked out in sympathy with those idle in several areas.

Strike action was taken at Cherbourg and Caen by the Engine Drivers and Stokers' Union which groups all tendencies from Catholics to Communist.

The Communist-controlled Railwaymen's Union had already struck, but so far services had been maintained, as the Communists represented only about fifty per cent of railway staffs in the area.

Dockside workers in Cherbourg including luggage porters, decided to hold a twenty four-hour strike today, instead of joining the nation-wide twentyfour-hour dockers strike tomorrow.

If they came out on Wednesday they would lose large amounts in overtime when the liners Queen Elizabeth and Mauretania arrived The local branch of the Communist-led general confederation of Labour (CGT) agreed to allow an exception in this case.

Need For A Socialist State In India

JAI PRAKASH URGES UNITY IN WORKERS' RANKS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"The sacrifices which we made during our fight against the British rule will be in vain, if do not establish a Socialist State in India," declared Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, Socialist leader addressing a large gathering to-night at the Mastan Talao Maidan. Mr. M. Harris presided.

He added that this objective was not new to India. But in the past people were not willing to have faith in a socialist programme. Recent events in the country had demonstrated to them that there was no other solution for abolishing poverty and exploitation in India, he said.

Emphasising the need for unity among working classes, the Socialist leader pointed out that Hindu and Muslim workers could not form separate organisations and fight their battles independently. He called upon workers of India to strengthen their ranks.

To-day added Mr. Jai Prakash, it was a fashion to talk of socialism, and every one including capitalists, claimed that they stood for the interest of the masses He warned workers not to be misled by big promises and rosy programmes, but scrutinise them carefully.

Explaining the fundamental objectives of Socialism, the speaker said that in a Mazdoor Raj, there would be no exploitation of any kind. He added that wealth should belong to the toilers in fields and factories. Mr. Jai Prakash contended that an idle rich parasite should have no place in a Socialist society.

Mr Jai Prakash criticised the Congress Policy and said on the one hand, the Congress claimed to be socialist and on the other hand they were appeasing the capitalists. "The Congress cannot perform a miracle and abolish poverty overnight, said Mr. Jai Prakash, "but they can introduce socialism in their house." It was not proper for the Governor-General of India to live in luxury and pomp when the masses were on the brink of poverty.

MUTT AND JEFF—This Has Nothing To Do With The United Nations Course

By BUD FISHER

SO GUS GEEVUM HAS ANOTHER BABY BOY! HE'S HAD TRIPLETS AND TWO SETS OF TWINS SINCE I KNOW HIM! THAT'S EIGHT!
SAY, MUTT, WHAT EVER BECAME OF THAT FATHER WHO HAD QUINTUPLETS?
YOU MEAN PAPA DIONNE?
YEH! DIONNE! WHAT EVER BECAME OF HIM?
I DUNNO! WHY?
DID HE EVER HAVE ANY MORE QUINTUPLETS?
NAW!
HM! JUST AS I THOUGHT! JUST A FLASH IN THE PAN!
Fisher

Printed and Published for The Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. Jointly edited by S. NATARAJAN.